

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 41

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1933

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

In 1921 \$18.00 In 1933 \$18.00
would buy will buy
100 lbs. sugar

100 lbs. sugar
2 lbs. coffee
2 lbs. tea
2 pkgs. chipso
2 cans tomatoes
2 cans peas
2 cans corn
1 tin pure jam
14 bars Laun'dry soap
2 cans salmon
1 box soda biscuits
1 can baking powder
2 pkgs. corn flakes
1 bag wheatlets
1 carton matches
1 bag pancake flour
2 cans pumpkin
1 pkg. prunes
3 lbs. rolled oats
10 lbs. syrup
5 lbs. honey
1 box apples
1 dozen Oranges
1-2 dozen lemons
24 lbs. flour
and we'll throw in a bag of candy for the kiddies.

Wm. Laut

Auto Repair Work

Lowest Prices

Remember we carry
Anti-Freeze, Hood Covers, Heaters
Our Prices are Right.

HEATED STORAGE

All Grades of Autolene Motor and
Tractor Oils

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

Why Experiment?

When you can get good results
from MIDLAND COAL---its good.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Member

Phone 15

W.R.L.A.

Crossfield Meat Market

L. CHRISMAS, Manager

FRESH SMOKED BACON and HAMS
Fresh Salmon and Halibut. Fresh Herrings 3 lbs. 25c
Fresh White Fish per lb. 10c. Smoked Finnan Haddies
Smoked Blosters Smoked Kippers.

New Bacon Prices--12 1-2c and 15c lb.

Whole or Half

Our Own Rendered Lard per lb. 10c

Pickled Beef Special To-order.

or as cut

OLIVER CAFE

George and Fong

After the Game is Over
You will enjoy a tasty lunch at The Oliver.

"See For Yourself"

"Famous For Good Food"

Annual Meeting

In this issue of the Chronicle the Annual Financial Statement of the Village for the year 1932 appears. Throughout the year every councillor has been fully alive to the necessity of watching every cent of expenditure and as a reward for this strict economy the council carry over a cash surplus for the year of \$1703.29 with every obligation for the year fully paid.

A careful study of the statement shows that Crossfield is in a most enviable position, and we venture the statement that there is not another village in the province of equal size which today can show such a splendid standing.

Our total debenture liability is \$1200.00, and is payable at the rate of \$200.00 a year and interest. The total amount of taxes unpaid amounts to \$2328.23.

The Annual meeting of the rate-payers will be held on Monday, Feb. 6th in the Town Hall at 7 o'clock. It is a duty you owe yourself and your fellow citizens to be present at this meeting. Come prepared to offer suggestions for and fair criticism of the problems that will face the 1933 Council.

Wheat 82c Fifty-Nine Years Ago

The following item is taken from the Echo printed in Amherstburg, Ontario, and appears under the heading "Local History Reviewed."

"THIS WEEK 59 YEARS AGO
"Wheat sold for 82 cents per bushel and flour at \$5.50 per barrel at the market this week."

Annual Meeting M. D. of Rosebud Saturday, February 18th.

The annual meeting of the Municipal District of Rosebud will be held in Crossfield on Saturday, February 18th. The financial statement is in the hands of the printer.

Good Prizes for Calf Club Winners

MAKE YOUR ENTRY NOW
Boys and girls between the ages of 11 and 20 years are eligible for membership. Calves shall be as near the same age as possible (born last May or June.)

Each member agrees that he or she will personally feed and take charge of the animal during the competition. The use of nurse cows are prohibited. Inspection visits will be made as often as possible by either a representative of the Provincial Department of Agriculture or the Dominion Livestock Branch.

The prizes should be well worth trying for. In the Calf Club the prize money allowed by Government regulations are \$0.85, \$4, \$2, \$1 and \$1 for each succeeding entry of merit up to 15.

For grade Hereford calves there will also be additional cash prizes from the proceeds of the sale of Mr. Colicutt's pure bred heifer calf. Those wishing to join the Calf Club should notify Harry May as soon as possible.

A. Gough Elected to Carstairs School Board on Economy Ticket

A. S. Gough, Reeve Rosebud M. D. was elected to the Carstairs School Board by a majority of 20 in a vote of 100.

Mr. Gough ran on the Economy ticket with a large E, and from information drifting through to us, we should judge that the Carstairs taxpayers have done a good stroke of business.

Crossfield Lodge I.O.O.F.

Installation of Officers

The following officers of the Crossfield Lodge I.O.O.F. were recently installed by District Deputy Grand Master Geo. McLeod, assisted by members of the Didsbury Lodge.

W. W. Stafford	N. G. C. Becker	V. G. C. E. Thompson	R. Secretary
A. W. Gordon	Fin. Secretary	J. Reeves	Treasurer
J. L. McRory	Warden	A. High	Conductor
F. Hopper	Chaplain	F. Ruddy	R.S.S.
H. McIntyre	L.S.S.	Geo. McLeod	R.S.N.G.
M. Thomas	L.S.N.G.	E. Ainscough	R.S.V.G.
John Allanby	L.S.V.G.		

An epidemic of influenza is reported to be spreading over Ontario with between 25,000 to 30,000 persons affected.

FOR SALE--70 Head of real good Work Horses. Apply to
LESLIE FARR, Airdrie

BURNS' ANNIVERSARY FITLY CELEBRATED

The Bobbie Burns' dance held in the Beaver Dam Hall on Friday night was a most enjoyable affair and attended by a large crowd.

During the evening an excellent program was given in which the following took part: Jean Havens gave an exhibition of Dutch dancing; Charlie Russell danced the Highland Fling with John Jacks on the violin; Kate Leask danced the Shean Trias to the accompaniment of the pipes played by her brother George. In keeping with the occasion Adam Gibson sang two very appropriate Scots songs. Adam Cruickshank was in great form and delighted the large gathering with a recitation "The Cattle Thief."

Music for the dance was supplied by R. Williamson and his orchestra, assisted by piper Wm. Russell.

Professor Carlyle Board of Trade Speaker, February 8

The Crossfield and District Board of Trade will hold their first open meeting in the U. F. A. Hall on Wednesday, February 8th. Luncheon to commence at 6.45 p.m.

The speaker for the occasion will be Professor W. L. Carlyle, Manager of the Prince of Wales Ranch. The public are invited to attend this meeting.

The entertainment committee are arranging a good musical program for the occasion.

It is expected that several members of the Calgary Board of Trade will be here for the meeting.

Mixed Bonspiel Underway

Play in the annual mixed bonspiel started on Monday evening at seven o'clock with fourteen rinks entered. There are two competitions, the Grand Challenge and the Consolation.

Two draws are played nightly at seven and nine p.m. There will be no draws on Thursday night owing to the Old Timers Mocciehan. The finals will be played at 7.30 p.m. on Saturday evening.

PERSONNEL OF RINKS

Mrs. McMillan, Mrs. Amery, L. Overby, Ed. Meyers, skip.
Mrs. M. Pike, Mrs. R. M. McCool, N. Johnson, G. Williams, skip.
Mrs. Major, Mrs. A. Heywood, R. L. Thomas, J. L. McRory, skip.
Mrs. T. Tredaway, Mrs. Wm. Pogue, R. J. Hendry, G. Purvis, skip.
Mrs. M. English, Mrs. R. Nichol, H. Johnson, R. Smart, skip.
Mrs. E. Devins, Mrs. Taggart, Rev. H. Young, J. P. Winning, skip.
Mrs. Goldie, Chas. Fox, A. McMillan, R. T. Amery, skip.
Mrs. Cruickshank, R. Nichol, T. M. Mair, Dr. Williams, skip.
L. Becker, Miss K. Mair, Jim McCool, Wm. Stralo, skip.
Mrs. McClelland, Mrs. Stevens, H. J. Reeves, Hall McCaskill, skip.
Mrs. J. Belshaw, Mrs. J. Harrison, V. S. Reid, Carl Becker, skip.
Mrs. J. M. Williams, T. O. Green, Wm. Pogue, R. M. McCool, skip.
Mrs. Jim McCool, A. Heywood, Dr. McClelland, T. M. Goldie, skip.
Mrs. Wm. Woods, Geo. McCaskill, Mrs. Wm. Miller, F. T. Baker, skip.

BONSPIEL RESULTS

Monday

Galdie won from Baker
McRory won from Meyers
Williams won from Becker
McCaskill won from Winning.

Tuesday

Stralo won from Amery
Smart won from Purvis
Williams won from Goldie
Williams won from McCool.

Wednesday

Becker won from Baker
Williams won from McRory
Smart won from McCaskill
McCool won from Amery
Purvis won from Meyers.

Friday, February 4th.

Semi-Finals Grand Challenge
Williams vs Smart. Williams vs Stralo

Semi-Finals Consolation
Winning vs Becker. McCool vs Purvis

Finals in both events Saturday at 7.30.

Notice

Please take notice that Gasoline, Distillate, and all other Imperial Oil Products are Cash on delivery from this date.

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited.



HAVE Your Car Overhauled

Bring your car in and let us put it in first class shape for spring -- it won't be long now.

We will guarantee you a first class job, and the charges will be moderate indeed.

Come in and talk it over.

The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

Finest Quality Fresh Meats

In Keeping With Hard Time Prices

Special Dinner 25c

We serve a special dinner every day from 11 p.m. to 3 p.m. at 25c. Meals 35c at any other time.

ROOMS 50c up

The Home Cafe and Meat Market

Chas. Mielond

Crossfield

Turner Valley Gasoline

For Sale at our Pump on Main St.

25c per gallon

WE ALSO SELL THREE STAR GAS.

M. Patmore

CROSSFIELD TRANSFER

Daily Service from Crossfield to Calgary

Phone 62

CROSSFIELD

Quality That Is Unsurpassed



"Fresh from the Gardens"

Canadian Radio Programmes.

The recently appointed Canadian Radio Commission, within whose jurisdiction has been placed control of all radio broadcasting in Canada, has inaugurated the first of its series of all-Canadian programmes to be broadcast over a Dominion-wide hook-up of stations from the Atlantic to the Pacific. This first series is to consist of twelve symphony concerts given alternately by the Toronto and Montreal Symphony orchestras each Tuesday evening. The Radio Commission has also announced a second series of broadcasts for each Friday evening consisting of concerts by the bands of the Royal Canadian Regiment, London, Ontario, and the Canadian Grenadier Guards, Montreal.

Before taking the step of nationalizing radio broadcasting in Canada, the Canadian Government appointed a Royal Commission to study the whole subject and to investigate conditions and systems in other countries. In Great Britain all broadcasting is under the direction and control of the British Broadcasting Company, which, in a sense, acts for the Government. In the United States private companies and individual stations are responsible for the programmes, which are financed by advertising, while the Government controls the erection of stations, their power, wave lengths, etc. Canada's Royal Commission reported in favor of out-and-out control by the Government through the creation of a national Radio Commission with wide powers over all stations and all programmes, including the right to take over existing stations, erect new ones, and operate any or all of them.

Canada's position is a peculiar one. Being immediately adjacent to the United States with its 110,000,000 people, enormous financial resources, and many powerful stations with large revenues from advertising, as compared with Canada's population of only 10,000,000, much smaller financial resources, and a restricted volume of radio advertising available, and largely confined to purely local areas, our stations are consequently smaller and of low power compared with the high-powered stations across the line. As a natural and inevitable result, United States programmes largely monopolized the air in Canada. It was realized that this situation could only be overcome if at all, by the Government itself. Hence the decision in favor of a national radio commission with all-embracing powers, and financed by the license fees paid by all citizens possessing receiving sets.

At the outset, the Radio Commission is not proceeding to acquire stations or erect new ones; rather it is devoting its attention to the development of worth-while Canadian programmes and providing the hook-up facilities whereby such programmes can be heard in every Province of the Dominion, an expensive proceeding because of our great extent of territory and our sparse population, and, therefore, beyond the capabilities of private enterprise.

There is little question but that the people of Canada desire that such all-Canadian programmes and national hook-ups should be provided. But to command the interest and support of our people such programmes must be equal to, and where possible, excel, United States programmes. It is not only in the quality of the individual programmes that may be offered that they must successfully compete with United States programmes, but in their variety as well. The Radio Commission is making its start with symphony orchestra music. Well and good, and undoubtedly the two organizations selected to provide these programmes are just as fine as any United States organization. The fact remains that only a limited number of people possess an educated taste for symphonies. Possibly, everybody enjoys such a programme occasionally, but as a regular diet it is apt to pall. The same thing may be said with equal truth in regard to band concerts, and, indeed, of any one class of programmes.

We desire to emphasize that we are not criticizing, in even the mildest manner, the initial programme decisions of the Radio Commission, but we do desire to point out, and to emphasize, that in order to command the approval and support of the masses of the Canadian people—who, after all, are paying for these programmes and, therefore, have the right to "call the tune,"—Canadian programmes must equal in their variety those which can be heard every evening by tuning in on U.S. stations. People like good music, whether by band, orchestra or vocal, but they also like a lot of fun. They enjoy a good joke, clever repartee, a real good laugh. At times they want to be excited and thrilled by an intense drama. They listen to an eloquent speaker upon timely topics. And there is grave danger that if the Canadian Radio Commission, in their laudable desire to raise the standard of radio programmes, adopt what we may term a "high brow" attitude, thousands of Canadian listeners will simply turn their dials and continue to listen-in, as now, upon the enormously popular variety programmes emanating from United States stations.

It is to be hoped that the members of the Radio Commission are as fully alive to this situation as is the average radio listener. It will of course, take time to develop such programmes, while it was a comparatively easy matter to conclude arrangements with symphony orchestra and regimental bands to inaugurate initial programmes. But in order that public opinion may not develop an open antagonism to the policy of nationalized broadcasting, it is vitally important that no false impression of the policies and intentions of the Radio Commission be created.

No doubt that class of our population who are extremely fond of the highest forms of music will write their commendations to the Commission. We would offer the suggestion that listeners everywhere join the army of correspondents, and, while not criticizing what they themselves do not particularly enjoy, present their own views as to what they would like included in these Canada-wide programmes and thus assist the Commission in developing programmes, not only of high merit, but of variety that will prove well pleasing to the Canadian people as a whole.

Shocks, the unassumed staves from which barrels are made, form an important item among products that enter the British West Indies duty free from Canada.

Economy—a reduction in some other fellow's salary.

Approximately \$16,000,000 is out on loan by the Saskatchewan farm loan board.

Palpitation of the Heart Nerves Bad—Could Not Sleep

Mrs. Fred Bligham, Swift Current, Sask., writes: "I was bothered with palpitation of the heart, and my nerves were so bad I could not sleep."

I was getting desperate and consulted my trouble to a friend who recommended me to use Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I purchased a box and got such relief I would gladly recommend them to all who are troubled as I was.

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Debt Adjustment

Movement To Enact Law To Prevent Unjust Foreclosures

Representations will be made to the Saskatchewan Government, provincial-wide in scope, requesting that machinery be set up which will put the closure on unjust foreclosures after consideration has been given to all the merits in the case.

The government will be asked to devise legislation which will protect all equities in property, no matter how great or small, as it is felt there is discrimination under the provisions of the proposed Debt Adjustment Act.

This discrimination, it is alleged, by the Saskatchewan Citizens Investment Protective Association, is that inter-dependent groups in mortgages and sales agreements are not protected, and in a large number of cases hardships have been wrought through foreclosures being achieved by first mortgage holders.

The abuses of first mortgage closure, where no consideration is given to the inter-dependent group in the property, is creating problems which have to be solved, and the government of which can only be met by amendments to the present Debt Adjustment Act, it is contended by this Association.

HEADACHE AFTER HEADACHE

Now She's Free From Them

A woman writes:—"I would like everyone who suffers from headaches to try Kruschen Salts. Before taking Kruschen I was hardly ever free from a headache. But since I have been taking it regularly I have hardly had a headache, for which I am very thankful, for headaches can make one feel quite ill. I have been taking that small dose of Kruschen every morning in a glass of warm water, before my breakfast, and I feel so well." (Mrs. A. E. D.)

Headaches can generally be traced to a disordered stomach and to the unexpended retention in the system of stagnating waste material which poisons the blood. Remove these poisons—prevent them forming again—and you'll never have to worry any more. And that is just how Kruschen Salts bring swift and lasting relief from headaches. Kruschen Salts aid Nature to cleanse your body completely of all clogging waste matter. Start on "the little daily dose" of Kruschen tomorrow. Then you will very soon have done with headaches.

Court Room Etiquette

Delinquents Must Wear Collar and Tie Before Swiss Judges

There was an amusing scene at a Swiss Palace of Justice recently, when a number of persons charged with various offences came up for trial. The first was acquitted but the justices fined him heavily because he was not wearing a collar. His lawyer stated that he had to send his client to get shaved before entering the court.

On hearing the fine announced a number of other delinquents rushed from the court to buy collars in neighboring shops. They all returned looking very relieved but unfortunately they had omitted to buy ties. They were admonished by the justices, who said that in future anyone appearing in court in this fashion would be severely dealt with.

Will Not Eliminate War

Disarmament Will Only Modify Method of Fighting

We have to face the fact that disarmament will not eliminate war. It will only modify the method by which it can be carried on. It started with fists and then went on to bows and arrows and swords and spears, etc., and then some discovered gunpowder, and so on. So we are, in reality, making for the bow and arrow age. It may be possible to arrive there some day, but how long shall we stay there, with all the resources of modern industrialism behind us, civil aircraft, railways, motor transport and the endless possibilities of science?—National Review.

Children have their own peculiar way of expressing themselves.

"Well, Peggy," said the neighbor, "and how do you like your new governor?"

Peggy thought a moment and then said: "I half like her and I half don't like her, but I think I half don't like the most."

Construction permits issued in Canada in a recent month were 40 per cent above those of a comparative month of the previous year.

Business men of Finland are using freely the air services to other countries.

On the Island of Curacao

A Centre of Interest For Travellers and World Tourists

"Bang, bang, bang!" goes the cudgel on your white shirt; "bang, bang, bang!" goes the whacking all day long; it has the charm of music to the tourist looking on—'tis the washerwoman's seaside song.

A report from Willemstad says it is really a wonder how the wash here stands the pounding it gets. If you want a shirt or two laundered while you spend the day here, you give the work to a woman who stands in the lagoon beside her clothes-line, which is nothing more than a few rocks or some cactus growths on the shore. In washing a shirt the washerwoman clubs it out; that is, she soaks it in the salt water, then places it on one of the rocks and belabours it with a stick worn smooth by contact with wet clothes on the flat rock surface. There being no streams in the Island of Curacao, all clothing is washed in the sea, which is crystal clear. There are nearly always a breeze here, as the clothing soon dries when it is spread out on rocks or bushes in the sun.

Many a button meets a violent death between the club and the stone; but buttons are found on sale everywhere in Willemstad.

The washerwomen dress as scantily as they do in Holland's other island of renown, Bali, which is now the centre of interest among world tourists. Most of the women wear nothing but a cloth about their waist and when this gets wet they just let it stay wet.

People who come here during January, February and March on the "Maurelatic" cruises will find that the washerwomen would do excellent work—should they find themselves in need of such services. They wash and iron underwear, handkerchiefs, shirts and the like in very short time. Linen must be left while passengers are on their way to look over the town and will be found ready to take away in an hour or less.

Willemstad is an ideal place to shop in. All Dutch products are extremely low-priced. There is a wide variety of goods from all parts of the world, the city being a free port. Especially cheap is the elegant Curacao, which is not made here, but derives its name from the island orange, the dried skin of which flavours it. The cordial is manufactured in Holland. The jewelry stores are attractively decorated with the work of the master craftsman in gold and silver. For some unknown reason the prices asked would barely pay for the time spent on manufacturing the articles, to say nothing of the value of the metal from which they are made. Especially cheap is the elegant Curacao, which is not made here, but derives its name from the island orange, the dried skin of which flavours it. The cordial is manufactured in Holland. The jewelry stores are attractively decorated with the work of the master craftsman in gold and silver. For some unknown reason the prices asked would barely pay for the time spent on manufacturing the articles, to say nothing of the value of the metal from which they are made.

Close Doors On Technocracy

Columbia University Lays Plans For Survey By Its Own Engineers

Columbia University has closed its doors on Technocracy and laid plans for an energy and technology survey directed by its own engineers.

Four members of the Technocracy group, headed by Prof. Walter Rautenbach, of the Columbia industrial engineering department, announced they were "not in accord with some of the statements and attitudes expressed by Howard Scott, the nominal leader, and therefore were withdrawing from association with Technocracy."

"Technocracy ceases to exist as far as we are concerned," Rautenbach declared.

"Scott will not work here any longer," he said, in reply to a question.

He also disclosed that the 100 or more unemployed engineers and architects, who have been working on Technocracy's "energy survey of North America," while being paid from unemployment relief committee funds, will work in the future on the Columbia survey and not on any work Scott and the "Technocrats" may carry on.

THAT DEPRESSED FEELING IS LARGELY LIVER

Wake up your Liver Bile

—Without Calomel
You are "feeling good" simply because your liver isn't putting out daily two pounds of liquid bile into your system. Your system is liquid. You are feeling good because your liver is working properly. You are feeling good because your liver is working properly. You are feeling good because your liver is working properly.

What you need is a liver stimulant. Doan's is the best. It contains no calomel, no opium, no toxic drugs. It is a natural, healthy, and safe remedy for all liver troubles. It is a natural, healthy, and safe remedy for all liver troubles. It is a natural, healthy, and safe remedy for all liver troubles.

Doan's is the best. It contains no calomel, no opium, no toxic drugs. It is a natural, healthy, and safe remedy for all liver troubles. It is a natural, healthy, and safe remedy for all liver troubles. It is a natural, healthy, and safe remedy for all liver troubles.

W. N. U. 1979



Throw OFF That COLD!

Some men and women fight colds all winter long. Others enjoy the protection of Aspirin. A tablet in time, and the first symptoms of a cold go no further. If a cold has caught you unawares, keep on with Aspirin until the cold is gone. Aspirin can't harm you. It does not depress the heart. If your throat is sore, dissolve several tablets in water and gargle. You will get instant relief. There's danger in a cold that hangs on for days. To say nothing of the pain and discomfort Aspirin might have spared you! All druggists; with proven directions for colds, headaches, neuralgia, neuritis, rheumatism.

ASPIRIN

TRADE-MARK REG. IN CANADA



Japanese Statesman Sees Trouble

Criticizes Militaristic Spirit Dominant in His Country

A spokesman for one of Japan's principal political parties declared in the diet at Tokyo, Japan, that unless relations between Japan and the United States are improved they will produce renewed armaments competition and possibly a world war.

This statement was made by Hitoshi Ashida, formally chosen spokesman for the Seiyu party, who delivered the boldest criticism of the current military domination of Japanese diplomacy heard in parliament since the Manchurian crisis began in September, 1931.

In response to Mr. Ashida's assertion that "a gloomy situation" rules relations between Japan and the United States, the foreign minister, Count Yaguchi declared that "there is no uneasiness concerning our relations with the United States."

Rising in the diet to question the government concerning its foreign policy, Mr. Ashida questioned the desirability of the army's domination of diplomacy and asserted that the public was afraid that "we are being dragged blindly into an uncharted pitch-black abyss."

Looks Like Magic

Stock Disappears and Balluff's Sale Was Called Off

A. S. Cromarty, farmer in Essex County, Ontario, can give Thurston some lessons in magic, according to Frank Howard and Charlie Eggleston, division court bailiffs. Cromarty must have two horses and two cows disappear and the court officer cannot find them.

There was a good crowd gathered for the auction which was held to satisfy a judgment against the farmer but the stock was missing so the sale was called off. Officers spent hours following hoof prints to various parts of the 12-acre farm and to adjoining property but had to give up because Cromarty would not tell where he hid the animals.

Forty Nations Taking Part

Will Participate In Some Form In World Grain Show

At a meeting of the executive of the World Grain Show in Regina, Hon. W. C. Buckle, Saskatchewan Minister of Agriculture, announced that over 40 countries have decided to participate in some form or another in the exhibition and said that the educational exhibits space has been largely taken up. Good progress all along the line was revealed in reports of various committees. About 49 experts and scientists have accepted invitations to address the conference and lead discussions.

Huge Stadium Planned

A new stadium with a capacity of 60,000 is under consideration for erection in West Los Angeles, California. It would house a polo field, a half-mile track and equipment suitable for horse shows, fairs, and circuses.

The Bank of England commenced active operations on January 1, 1935.

Proposal Has Merit

Arizona Senator Suggests U.S. Accept Silver Payments From Britain

There seems to be merit in the proposal of Senator Hayden, of Arizona, that the United States express readiness to accept from Great Britain on the British war debt two hundred million ounces of silver, holding that such would aid silver mining in the British Empire and tend to raise the price of silver and give more or less comfort to India and China which are large users of silver currency. Indeed, in contrast to the inflation schemes of agitators who want large issues of paper money, the Hayden proposals are of unbounded merit. Silver has been a rival of gold for supremacy, and assuredly has value. There is a strong argument for bimetallism. — St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Looks After King's Stamps

Sir Edward Bacon Looks After Valuable Collection

Sir Edward Bacon, the new knight, who looks after the King's collection of stamps, has done so for many years. Like His Majesty, he is a stamp enthusiast. He has access to the stamp room at Buckingham Palace at all times, and the King spends many hours with him examining the collection, which is one of the most valuable in the world. Owing to the skillful manner in which the stamps have been purchased, the collection has cost the King comparatively little, although it comprises practically all the rare stamps of the world. Both the King and Sir Edward are experts with the microscope for stamp collecting purposes.

Prefer Own Music

Germany Is Getting Tired Of U.S. Dance Tunes

"Germany is sick of American dance hits, bands and singers, and the younger set now prefers to dance to German tunes, especially waltzes, played by German bands," the German Association for Exploitation of Musical Research production rights stated in its annual report.

Importation of dance music from the United States, the report says, has shrunk to almost nothing.

The United States is second in the amount of industrial machinery supplied South Africa by foreign countries.

Astronomers are not yet certain whether the giant planets, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune have any solid surfaces.



For covering shelves, sliding drawers, etc. 12 feet white or colored rolls. All dealers, or write—

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON, ONTARIO

Uncanny Machines Known As Verifier And Tabulator Used To Check Up Census Returns

Aided by machines that count with lightning speed and which exist nowhere else in the world the computing of Canada's 1931 census involves much more than a counting of noses and it will be some time yet before the work begun when enumerators called from house to house nearly two years ago is completed.

The census of Canada now being tabulated is the biggest job of its kind ever undertaken in this country. Were it not for two machines, invent and built by census officials, it would cost three times as much as it will to tabulate the information which will be published alone. As it is, thanks to the almost uncanny mechanical devices, much more information will be compiled than it will be possible to publish.

The two machines are the verifier and the tabulator. The first detects errors and the second counts 240 different facts from individual cards at the rate of 245 cards a minute.

The data taken by the census enumerators is transferred to small cards by punching holes for each fact recorded. A hole is punched in the proper place to indicate the sex, age, religion, nationality, language, racial origin and other things of the person being counted.

This card is then sent to the verifying machine to check possible errors. The machine throws out cards on which conflicting pieces of information are recorded. For instance if a person's age is 25 and he is listed as a non-voter, under 21, the card is thrown into the discard and sent back for checking to correct the discrepancy.

If a man gives his racial origin as Jewish and his religion as Baptist the card is rechecked. If the sex is omitted the card is shot back. The machine of course cannot detect a straight error in a single fact, such as the wrong age, the wrong sex, or the wrong nationality.

Each card runs under a set of pins, 240 in number, one for each possible hole. The pins drop through the holes into a small basin of mercury. This at once establishes an electric current, down through one pin across through the mercury and up through another. If any of 22 possible erroneous or doubtful combinations of facts are present the electric circuit is broken and the card is thrown out. The electric contact in the mercury bath lasts only 1-200 of a second.

The tabulator is the only machine in the world which will count 240 separate facts at the same time. It, too, works with electric currents running through a mercury bath by means of the pins which drop through the holes. As each card passes through a pin drops through each hole, an electric contact is established for 1-27 of a second and each hole on the card is counted under its proper heading.

A large black board with 240 apertures under 20 headings in each of which is a revolving counter with white figures like an automobile speedometer is attached to the machine. When all the cards for a certain district have run through and been counted the board has a record of the number of persons of each religion, each age division, each racial origin, and the whole 20 classifications marked up.

The next step is to take a photograph of the board which makes the permanent record. The totals from the photographic records are then computed on an adding machine and figures by provinces and for the whole of Canada are announced.

But the machine does more than merely count. As the cards run through they are sorted into boxes according to the classification desired. They might first be sorted for age. Thus after the run would be completed for the city of Toronto the cards would be stacked according to age. Then they could be run through that order and the next result would give the number of persons of each sex, each religion, each nationality and so on in the city of Toronto under 21, between 21 and 29 and so on. All sorts of cross-classification of this kind are being made.

The Census Bureau has three tabulating machines built especially for this job at a cost of about \$15,000 each. It takes three months to run the whole of Canada on 10,000,000 odd cards through the machines.

A. E. Thornton, mechanical superintendent for the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, is the inventor of the ma-

chines and they were built in Ottawa under his direction and that of his assistant, P. Bellisle. The two machines worked for three years on other jobs. They had some little difficulty persuading the government to allow them to build the machines as commercial manufacturers scoffed and said they would never work. The machines have been working for 15 months without a hitch.

The next largest machine in the world is at Washington and is used by the United States census. It, however, tabulates only 90 facts at a time, compared with the 240 tabulated by the Canadian machine. The largest commercial machine in the world tabulates only 36 facts and cannot be bought. It can only be rented.



By Ruth Rogers



SCHOOL GIRLS AND THE COLLEGE MISS WILL APPROVE THIS SNAPPY JUMPER

If budding daughter is aching to try her skill as dressmaker, let her launch into sewing this jaunty jumper. It is such a simple little affair to tackle and just as smart and fresh as paint when finished. The jumper skirt is straight with an inverted pleat at the center-front to give it ample fullness. It is attached to the simple bodice with its darling suspender straps. As for the girdle, it is the popular tailored type. Being smart, no doubt, she'll make the jumper of mouse-gray woolen mixture and the girdle of pale gray plain woolen.

Style No. 974 is designed in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust. Size 16 requires 2 yards 54-inch with 1 1/2 yards 38-inch for blouse. Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap card carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Spooled the Wedding

"How did the Jones' wedding go off?"

"Fine until the parson asked the bride if she'd obey her husband."

"What happened then?"

"She replied, 'Do you think I'm silly?' and the groom, who was in a sort of daze, replied: 'I do.'"

A man in Lithuania recently exchanged his wife for a photograph.

The Barter System

Frederic Bennett Sees Trend In That Direction

Speaking before the Toronto Board of Trade, Premier R. B. Bennett said in the early days trade was conducted by barter and "there is evidence some would like to return to that method."

There were many phases of trade. The rural population, for the first time in the history of Canada, was smaller at present than the urban population. "We sometimes forget how vast a market we have in our own country for our products," he said. But despite Canada's magnificent resources, her export trade had shown a gross diminution for a time. Eventually, however, through sacrifices, Canada had come back to fifth position as an exporting country.

There was no problem so great and so little understood as the railway problem, which the prime minister said was "one of the greatest and darkest clouds hanging over this country."

There was a tendency sometimes to blame the east for the railway problem, but this was not right, since three great agricultural provinces had guaranteed part of the transportation system.

There was also hundreds of millions of dollars invested in harbor and canal systems all built to maintain Canada's trade and for its promotion.

Fish Propagation In B.C.

Province Will Stock Rivers and Lakes With Young Fish

Marking British Columbia's first attempt to stock its streams with young fish instead of mere fry whose mortality is too great for satisfactory propagation, Brian Williams, provincial game commissioner, has announced plans for concentration of fish propagation at three centres.

Brown trout, Rainbows and Scottish salmon will be reared in scientific feeding ponds located at Cowichan Lake, Qualicum on Vancouver Island and at Stanley Park, Vancouver. The young fish will then be released into the streams and lakes of the province for the sport of fishermen. Transportation will be made with the use of a new system of oxygen tanks which make it possible for long trips without danger.

Check and Double Check

Ontario Town Has Found This System Is Costly

It cost the Town Council of Chelmsford, Ont., \$273.95, and then some to check and double check the books of town clerk H. J. Gratton and make the discovery the municipality owed that official three cents. And the corporation also loses a law-suit.

J. T. Dionne, Sudbury, won his action against the town for \$50 as his fee for auditing the books. The town refused to pay and called in a government auditor. Now they have a bill for \$196.95 plus \$19 expenses for the second auditor.

Troubles Of The Editor

Most newspaper publishers will appreciate this from the Arcton, Ontario, Free Press: "If the amount of advertising contracts were one-third the number of requests for free publicity that newspapers receive these days through the mails it would be counted that the 'corner had been turned.' The wastepaper basket is the most overworked article around the office—Oshawa Times.

ANOTHER OF THE MAPLE LEAF'S STALWARTS



Red Horner has been a tower of strength to the Toronto Maple Leaf Hockey team, and enjoys the reputation of being a hard checker. Here we see him leaving his imprint on Chicago ice as he slams the puck in the direction of the goalkeeper.

Contract For Ties

Railway Contracts Given To Timber Operators In Thunder Bay Area

Railway contracts for the supply of more than \$50,000 ties have been awarded to nearly a score of timber operators in the past few days, assuring an active winter period of woods operations in Thunder Bay district.

In the neighborhood of 3,000 men will be given employment by operations in camps all over the timber region, while thousands of ties will be bought by smaller contractors from settlers and farmers in outlying sections of the district.

Many new camps are being opened, operations are being resumed at those already existing, while some operators plan to continue work throughout the spring and summer months. Both the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways have contracted for the ties.

If People Spend More

Even Half Dollar a Day Would Speed Up Business

If the billion inhabitants of the world spent half a dollar more a day the demand for merchandise would be so great all of the factories in the five continents would be unable to meet it, Gerald Campbell, the British Consul-General, said in an address at the open forum of the Jewish Community House of Bensonhurst, Brooklyn. Mr. Campbell declared there had never been a more auspicious time for universal peace than now, and it was up to Great Britain and the United States to point the way. He warned that if the British Empire should be dissolved, world-wide chaos would result. "I don't believe we understand our neighbor any better than we understand ourselves," he said.

Big Ranching Development

British Firm To Operate Large Packing Plant In South Africa

The British Liebig Company, one of the largest importers of meat from South America, is starting immediately to establish its own meat packing plant in Southern Rhodesia, South Africa, in the centre of an extensive cattle-raising district, the London Daily Herald announces. This is expected, the paper added, to lead to big ranching developments in Rhodesia and the Transvaal.

The Testey Meat Trust also has acquired ranching rights in the Transvaal.

A Job For Hubby

A young bride from the Middle West wanted to surprise her husband with a gala dinner on the first anniversary of their wedding. She telephoned the fish dealer and asked about lobsters. She ordered two of them.

They were brought to her alive. The cook book was full of information about making lobster salad, but said nothing of the most important detail—how to kill them.

Desperate, she telephoned her husband. "Please come home on an earlier train. I have a pair of lobsters for dinner and you must wring their necks."

Road transport competition is causing heavy loss to railways in France.

Algeria spent more than \$7,000,000 on new highways last year.

King George Is Proud Possessor Of Finest Collection Of Postage Stamps Of The British Realm

Making Pocket Money

Small Fur Catches Paying Farm Boys In Alberta

Farm boys are finding weasel trapping a profitable side line in the central Alberta district, ermine being very plentiful in these parts this winter.

Boys are able to catch half a dozen or so without much trouble, setting traps within a few hundred feet of their homes. Those who are going into it on a larger scale are reaping much richer returns. With eight traps, one boy caught 51 weasels in six weeks, and hopes to go well over the hundred mark before the winter is over. Another boy has a total of 30 skins to show for a month's work with traps and trick boxes.

The weasel skins are selling for 75 cents apiece, according to the young trappers, who expect to average around 60 cents a pelt for their entire catch.

Weasel seem to be the only game the trappers here are bothering with this season. Coyotes are somewhat scarce except in the more isolated parts. Skunk were plentiful during the summer, but few have been reported caught this winter.

One boy finds jackrabbit pelts worth going after. He set out a dozen snares in a large field a short distance from town, and has caught 15 of the large bunnies. The family and neighbors have been dining frequently on rabbit meat and the boy reaps 15 to 25 cents a skin to keep him in pocket money. Bush rabbits are fairly plentiful.

To Aid Mankind

Einstein Proposes To Have Great Minds Unite On World Problems

A plan evolved by Prof. Albert Einstein for "an international committee of the 25 greatest minds of the world to function in the best interest of mankind," had been sketched by Jacob Landau, of New York, managing director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, a press association. Landau said the noted savant, now engaged in scientific study at Pasadena, described the plan in a special interview.

"As Dr. Einstein conceives it," Landau said, "the committee would raise its voice whenever mankind is confronted with grave problems. It will take action whenever the peace of the world is jeopardized or if acts of injustice have been committed." He said invitations would be issued "only to intellectuals of the highest order."

Russia's Dream Has Vanished

Soviet Gives Up Idea Of Making Chinese Communists

It would almost appear that Russia has despaired of China, and does not even see much hope of turning the "Red" movement in Kiangsi and Honan to her own advantage. Perhaps M. Stalin is beginning to realize that true Communism will never be appreciated by such convinced individualists as the Chinese. The great dream of adding China to the Union of Soviet Republics has vanished and the Communists have turned to realities and are evidently ready to compromise with things they do not like.—Hong-Kong Press.

An Expensive Exhibit

Elephant In Seattle Zoo Eats Ton Of Hay Weekly

Eating a ton of hay a week is the job of Fushko, huge (moonshine) gazing elephant, who is now "at home" in special quarters at Woodland Park Zoo, Seattle, Washington. About 100,000 people have seen the big fellow since he was left to the care of the city by his alleged owner. He formerly held extended stands in Portland, Olympia, Chehalis, Centralia and Tacoma, after he was "dismissed" from the big top when he became too expensive to cart around the country.

Lumber Exports Decrease

A decrease in British Columbia waterborne lumber exports to the United States from 172,553,000 feet during 1931 to 48,347,000 feet during the first six months of 1932, was reported recently. The decrease was explained in a large part through the imposition of a \$3 tariff by the United States.

South Africa has four aeroplane clubs.

The Bestowal of a Knighthood upon Sir Edward Denny Bacon, Keeper of the King's Stamps, comes as a timely reminder that His Majesty is the proud possessor of what is beyond doubt the finest and most comprehensive collection of postage stamps of the British realm extant.

Begin in his midshipman days under the tutelage of his uncle, the late Duke of Edinburgh, himself a keen and able philatelist, the collection has been developed and extended with the years until today it occupies upwards of 200 large albums in charge of a curator. The king is expected soon at Buckingham Palace in which to carry out the constant work of arranging, classifying and mounting the additions that are daily being made to it.

Only a few privileged members of the Royal Philatelic Society, London, of which the king is honorary patron, have been permitted to view the stamp collection in its entirety, but each year some portion of it is exhibited at the opening meeting of the society's new session. These annual displays usually reveal some original aspect of philatelic research, in days gone by, as Duke of York, and later as Prince of Wales, His Majesty used sometimes to attend the proceedings in person, and on more than one occasion gave evidence of his philatelic erudition by reading informative papers.

It is difficult to single out for particular mention any one portion of the king's collection which covers more than adequately the whole gamut of the imperial stamp issues from Antigua to Zanzibar, for, although it is planned on more or less general lines, it is highly specialized as regards a large number of colonies and protectorates.

From the point of value alone the Mauritius section ranks possibly first with its pair of "Post Office" rarities (1d. and 2d.), the unused copy of the twopenny value being the finest known example of this classic stamp. Great Britain is probably the most complete, including as it does so many unique items in the way of original drawings, proofs and essays, which cannot possibly be duplicated.

For the beautiful and fascinating early stamps of the British West Indies the king has even displayed a striking, dating back to the days when he first cruised those waters in H.M.S. Thrush, and his collection of these issues is especially strong, lacking only the unique 1 cent British Guiana of 1856. It is on record that the owner of the most rare stamp once sought permission to present it to the royal collection; an offer that was firmly but courteously declined since His Majesty does not accept gifts from private collectors, albeit his philatelic treasures have been enriched from time to time by presentations of stamps made by colonial governments and native princes in the form of souvenirs of some of the royal tours.

The postal emissions of Heligoland, Hong-Kong, India, Straits Settlements, Victoria and Tonga (Friendly Islands) are but a few of the more advanced portions of the king's collection which have been shown in public, while there is the prospect of a practically complete range of the scarce and historic "occupation" issues made under British military authority during the Great War, as well as an equally representative array of air post stamps of the empire betokening the most up-to-date phrase of philately.

From the first His Majesty's interest in the pursuit has been a real and active one. In a letter to a correspondent written many years ago he wrote of stamp collecting: "It is one of the greatest pleasures of my life." Philatelists will find in the honor conferred upon the curator of the king's stamps a further indication of the keen and abiding interest that he still evinces in the branch of connoisseurship under his august patronage has come to be known as the "Royal hobby."

A Dangerous Job

Several snakes at the London Zoo are regarded as spectators with a glaucous stare. They lost their eyes in accidents of various kinds—and the keepers fitted them with glass ones. The only trouble is that every time the snakes shed their skins, the eyes pop out and have to be fitted back in again. Try that on a box constructor.

The figure of Christ of the Andes is 26 feet high, resting on a granite column 22 feet high.

ZIG-ZAG
CIGARETTE PAPERS
LARGE ROUBLE BOOK
120 LEAVES
5¢
GUARANTEED NOT TO
VOID IMITATIONS

PATENTS
Let of "Wanted Inventors" and
Full Information sent Free On Request.
The RAMSAY Co. Dept. 873 BANK ST.
167 OTTAWA, Ont.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Earl of Chesterfield, former lord steward of his majesty's household and the 10th earl of that name, is dead in his 94th year.

The monthly average of employment in Canada throughout the year 1932 was 801,356 employees, according to a voluminous report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Department of national defence proposes as a measure of unemployment relief to construct an additional landing field at Camp Borden in the near future.

A new organization to be known as the Canadian Society for Literature and the Arts, was brought into being at a well-attended meeting of active and influential Toronto citizens.

The aggregate value of all field crops in 1932 is estimated at \$416,586,900, as compared with \$432,235,400 in 1931, said a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Entries from Alberta at the World Grain Congress in Regina next summer are expected to reach 200 and approximately half that number have already been received.

Ernest William Benson, before his retirement one of the largest lumber exporters in Canada and owner of large timber tracts throughout northern Quebec and Newfoundland, is dead at Montreal, aged 86.

A non-stop flight from Moscow to Angora, a distance of more than 1,000 miles involving a crossing of the Black Sea, is planned by the Soviet civil aviation society, Osoaviakhim, for 1933.

The American Chamber of Commerce in London, through Francis E. Powell, its president, announced its advocacy of a plan to hold the projected world economic conference at Washington.

Served Queen Alexandra

Late Resident of Calgary Was Once Lady-in-Waiting

Honorable Mabel Vesey-Fitzgerald, former lady-in-waiting to Queen Alexandra, is dead. She was known in Calgary as Mrs. Fitzgerald Rose, proprietor of a small lending library and benefactress to the poor.

Brought up in the grandeur of King Edward's Court and guided by her mother's parents, Lord and Lady Cecil Gordon, her life in Alberta was a strong contrast to the brilliant one she once knew.

Following her marriage to George Fitzgerald Rose, she settled with her husband on a ranch at Pine Lake, north of Calgary, 22 years ago, later coming to the city. For a number of years she operated her little library until illness forced her to retire.

An Unusual Record

Sisters in Nebraska Have Lived Together Forty-Eight Years

Two sisters whose combined ages total 157 years live together at Holdredge, Neb. They claim to be one of the oldest sister combinations in the state.

Miss Anna Leibrant is 97 years old and Mrs. Hanna Lindvall, her sister, is past 90 years of age.

The two have lived together during the past 48 years. They do their own house work and care for a large garden and lawn.

Deficits of French railways in the last three years totalled nearly \$360,000,000.

England had less sunshine last year than in any 12 months since 1889.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
STOP HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
CONSTIPATION

W. N. U. 1979

Ultra-Rapid Planes

Piccard Foresees Few Hours Journey From America To Europe

Prof. Auguste Piccard, explorer of the stratosphere, predicts that travelers not many years hence will cross the Atlantic in "stratoplanes" with less risk than in crossing a large modern city in an automobile.

He gave an imaginary description before the National Geographic Society at Washington of a flight in such a machine, several of which he said already were being built in Europe.

"Visualize a tired senator here in Washington," he said, "sitting at his breakfast table trying to conceive of some new law he can pass, when a friend telephones from Paris asking him to drop in for luncheon six hours later. He pushes away his grapefruit and rushes to the stratosphere, and enters a stratoplane.

"The stratoplane is the inevitable super-highway for future intercontinental transport."

Of Interest To Poultrymen

Saskatchewan Poultry Division Issues Third Annual Catalogue

The third annual catalogue of Saskatchewan poultry and turkey breeders has recently been issued under the supervision of the poultry division of the provincial livestock branch. The catalogue contains a list of all prominent breeders in Saskatchewan together with details respecting the products which they have for sale. Articles of interest to poultrymen generally, written by experts in their field, are also included together with a brief summary of the provincial and federal services which are offered for the assistance of the industry.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
Fatboy

By Ruth Rogers



992

A SIMPLE DRESS—SO EASY TO WEAR AND SO FASCINATING TO MAKE

Here you have today's model! And isn't it ravishing? A dress in which you will always appear smart. It is so conservative, it can be worn for street, bridge or office.

In the original, a purple of a lightish verging towards a cyclamen shade in rough crepe silk was chosen. The matching bow buttons are its only trim.

If you're thinking of a woolen dress, it's delightfully snappy in a soft grey mixture with fuchsia-red buttons and leather belt.

Style No. 992 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

Size 16 requires 3 1/2 yards 39-inch. Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred.) Wrap coin carefully.

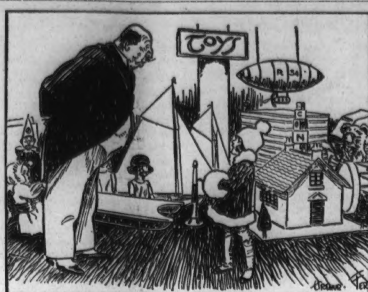
How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town



Little Girl (to showwalker): "My, but you must have an awful good time in here."—The Humorist, London.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

COFFEE FRUIT CAKE

- 1/2 cup shortening.
- 1 cup light brown sugar.
- 2 eggs.
- 1/4 cup coffee.
- 1/2 cup milk.
- 2 1/2 cups flour.
- 3 teaspoons baking powder.
- 3/4 pound raisins.
- 1/4 pound citron.
- 3/4 pound figs cut in strips.
- Cream shortening, add sugar, egg yolks, coffee and milk. Sift together flour and baking powder and add slowly. Add fruit, which has been slightly soaked, and fold in beaten whites of eggs. Bake in greased loaf pan from one hour to one hour and a quarter.

FRUIT BLANC MANGE

(Serves 5-8.)

- 1 1/2 cups evaporated milk.
- 1/2 cup sugar.
- 1/4 teaspoon salt.
- 4 teaspoons cornstarch.
- 1 1/2 cups orange juice.
- 1 teaspoon grated orange rind.
- Heat milk in double boiler. Mix sugar, salt and cornstarch. Blend with part of orange juice. Add remaining juice to hot milk. Add grated rind. Cook until smooth, stirring frequently. If orange juice curdles milk, beat with whirl type beater. Pour into individual serving dishes and chill. If desired to mold, increase cornstarch 1 tablespoon.

Science Steps Back

Science has stepped back another few hundred years and found the relics of a people who existed 8,000 years ago, not far from where the Persians hundreds of years later reared up the black marble palaces of their ancient capital, Persepolis, the Paris of the day.

An English scientist says that fortunately for mankind not more than one egg in every 10,000 lives, to become a full-sized herring.

Netherlands Indian air services are using American pursuit planes.

A Portable Rail-Van

Eliminates Necessity Of Re-Loading Goods For Shipment

A new type of mobile container, named the "rail-van," designed for co-ordination of railroad and truck service in long-distance hauling of household goods and adaptable for carrying general freight, was demonstrated at New York at the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad's tracks.

The rail-van is a detachable truck-body mounted on roll-off casters, which can be removed, when fully packed to a capacity of 7,000 pounds, from the truck platform directly to a flat railroad car. On arrival at its destination, the rail-van is easily pushed to another truck-platform for delivery to the door of the consignee.

The new van eliminates the necessity of unpacking the goods from the delivery truck on departure and of re-loading of the freight from the railroad car to a moving van on arrival. This, it was declared by Henry A. Reimers, president of Rail-Vans, Inc., of Chicago, will materially lower the cost of shipping of freight, over distances above 250 miles, and thus will enable the railroads to meet the competition now being offered them by motor buses.

Need Veteran Settlers

Says Soldier Settlement Policy Has Not Been Changed

The policy of the soldier settlement branch, adopted more than a year ago, to the effect that no settler under the act will be distanced if he is making a sincere effort to establish himself and is unable to meet payments because of circumstances beyond his control, has not been changed. This was the statement of department officials whose attention had been drawn to a despatch from Prince Albert, Sask., which stated the local branch of the Canadian Legion was about to appeal to the Dominion Government on behalf of some needy veteran settlers.

A man with two hearts has been discovered. We wish they could use him in the banking business.

Siam plans to lend funds to farmers.

Gerald Larkin Says Remove Trade Barriers At Salada Annual Meeting

Newspaper Advertising Still Backbone Of Salada Publicity

Mr. Gerald R. Larkin, President of Salada Tea Company, in addressing the Annual Meeting of the Staff said:

"Meetings such as this at the end of a good year are always a source of pleasure to everyone of us. When general conditions are bad, and when even our own business has, in a measure, reflected these conditions, we sometimes find the effort to bear ourselves cheerfully more than a little difficult. Any such feeling must be fought against and defeated by everyone of us, if we are going to make the following year a success. By cheerfulness I do not mean any foolish measure of optimism, although under present conditions I need hardly warn any of you against that, but I do mean a reasonable faith in the future based on the past history of this country, and of the world."

There is undoubtedly a measure of defeatist propaganda being carried on. I have heard it said, and within the last month or two, that every country in the world, including Canada and the United States, is headed for revolution; that things are getting steadily worse every day. This is a very serious and might support, but rather from people who are in moderately comfortable circumstances but who, not having enough to do, allow themselves to absorb all the depressing features of present day conditions and so reach a point where their judgment is entirely warped. We are all meeting people like this and must do our part to combat their ideas.

As I see it, what the world needs is greater understanding between its component parts; greater appreciation of each other's difficulties and more internationalism. It was exactly

those features which won the war. There was real and sincere co-operation between the Allied and Associated Powers. Unfortunately, immediately after the war, bad statesmanship gripped the world and peace; a peace that bred distrust, not only between the victors and the defeated, but also among the victorious nations themselves. Extreme nationalism supplanted what at least had been a form of partial internationalism, and all countries succumbed to it. Tariff walls were—and still are being built higher and higher until international trade has to all intents and purposes ceased to exist. What this country needs, what the United States needs, what the world needs is a breaking down of the greater part of these barriers if we are to return to the standard of living. You are probably already convinced of this; if so, work for it. It is sure to come, but the quicker it can be brought about the more quickly the pessimists will be discredited, and the more quickly reasonable optimism will be justified.

Your influence is great; you are in constant touch with the greener, who, in turn, is in touch with every individual in his community; you are also meeting other salesmen who have the majority of the public behind them, and it is vital to the welfare of the world, to the welfare of Canada and to the welfare of this company that they should in 1933 act liberally, abandon narrow nationalism and be brought to see that only a wider internationalism can rescue us from the pit we have digged for ourselves."

Mr. Macdougall, Advertising Manager, mentioned that newspapers, which form the backbone of their company's advertising, are being used as extensively as ever by SALADA.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

FEBRUARY 5

JESUS CHOOSES THE TWELVE

Golden Text: "I choose you, and appoint you, that ye should go and bear fruit."—John 15:16.

Lesson: Mark 3:7-35.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 55:1-11.

Explanations and Comments

The Thronging Multitudes, verses 7-12.—Although Pharisees and Herodians hated Jesus and took counsel as to how they might get rid of Him, as we saw in our lesson last week, Jesus' popularity among the people grew by leaps and bounds. Stories of His miraculous cures spread rapidly. By Him or on seeing the wonderful cures of others. From north, south, east and west they came: from Galilee and Judea, and Idumea, from Perea beyond the Jordan and Tyre and Sidon, from the northwest, Idumea south of Judea is the Edom of the Old Testament, the land where Esau and his descendants dwelt.

Jesus took the precaution of directing His disciples to have a small boat in readiness so as to make his escape therein if necessary. He was in actual danger of being crushed by the importunate crowd. People suffering from plagues tried to touch Him, believing that the touch would cure them; see Mark 6:56. The demon-possessed fell down in homage before Him, saying, "Thou art the Son of God," and Jesus charged them not to make Him known, for "neither was this the time, nor were these the preachers," as Bengel says. Popular enthusiasm might lead to an outbreak and was dangerous to His cause.

"The summary shows us clearly that a new phase in the ministry of Jesus had begun; the synagogue is forsaken and the open places and the seashore are sought. Jesus, in a word, begins an open-air ministry. One is reminded of the way in which the great pioneers of the modern evangelical movement were forced out of the churches of their day, and of how in consequence that great open-air crusade was begun which had such far-reaching results in the life of England and America."—Abingdon Bible Commentary.

The Chosen Twelve, verses 13-19.—After spending the night in prayer on the hills west of Capernaum overlooking the lake (Luke 6:12), from the inner circle of His followers Jesus chose twelve men to be a greater or special disciples. The number twelve naturally suggests a correspondence with the twelve tribes of Israel. It was a subtle way of suggesting to the Jews, a commentator thinks, "that He was founding a new theocracy—the newer and nobler theocracy that was to replace the old."

Jesus needed helpers. He needed them for His own sake and for the world's sake. He called The Twelve to be with Him, to be His friends, and to be trained by Him, to understand Him and His message, and to carry on His work after He was gone. He commissioned them to preach, to proclaim the glad news of the Kingdom, and to cast out demons.

Among new inventions is a machine that cures cold hands and feet by friction of a padded, leather-covered drum, the vibration also increasing the blood circulation.

Cheapest and Best

Advantage Of Newspaper As Advertising Medium Again Stressed

Denton Massey of Toronto has given a fresh expression to a truth that is generally known by those familiar with such things. Newspapers, Mr. Massey tells University of Western Ontario students, are "head and shoulders" above all other advertising medium. Radio advertising is good, Mr. Massey explains, but it is essentially entertainment. On the other hand, the results of newspaper advertising are known. Its appeal is not to the ear as it is seen, and the advertisers know the type of subscribers they reach through the columns of the newspapers.

No one who has devoted the slightest thought to a study of advertising comparisons can doubt the correctness of Mr. Massey's statement. There are many forms of advertising, but none can begin to approach that of the newspaper. It reaches the largest audience and at the lowest cost.—Border Cities Star.

May Reduce Shock Deaths

New "Pop" Chemical Helps Patients To Rally Quickly

With cortin, the magical "pop" chemical produced by two glands in the body, surgeons in the near future may be able to save the lives of most patients who now die from the shock of severe operations or accidents.

Full details of experiments indicating cortin will rally patients from the very threshold of death due to surgical or wound shock is contained in a recent issue of Science.

It is expected surgeons will at once begin using cortin on shocked patients in an effort to corroborate the findings of the Princeton scientists.

Vacations By Lottery

Following the success of the mysterious journeys to unannounced destinations, the Austrian State Railways are preparing another feature for the next tourist season. Lotteries will be held, tickets being sold for a small sum. Winners will win a five-day vacation in some popular Austrian resort.

Less Grain Wasted

Due to improved operating efficiency, the use of grain used in transit from Western Canada to Montreal has decreased from an average of 10 bushels to every 100,000 transported, for the few years preceding 1929 to less than four bushels 100,000 transported in 1929, says the national revenue department report.

A strip of "cotton road" laid in South Carolina six years ago, and exposed to equal traffic conditions has required no repair attention and is still in excellent condition.

India rubber is now successfully used as a substitute for putty in the setting of window glass.

+ Do You Know? +



Photograph, Canadian National Railway

THAT this gentle eyed beast derives his name from the shape and size of his ears? He is known as the mule deer and he is probably the greatest still-legged jumper in the world. He and some ten thousand of his brethren share their home in Jasper National Park, Alberta, Canada, the largest game sanctuary in the world. The park has an area of more than 4,000 square miles.

PREMIER SAYS RAIL PROBLEM IS SERIOUS ONE

Ottawa, Ont.—The railway problem in Canada is threatening the very economic life of the country, Premier R. B. Bennett told a deputation of railway men here. Like the fabled old man of the sea it was clinging to the back of Canada, slowly throttling its life.

No language would be too extravagant to describe the seriousness of Canada's railway problem, the Prime Minister said. It had been submitted by the railways that too much emphasis had been placed on the financial end of the problem and not enough on the human.

"But if these enterprises stop altogether there will be no work at all," said Mr. Bennett. "Our effort is to maintain as going concerns, these enterprises. That is our job, our responsibility."

"If this country continues as we have done in the past, we cannot continue long. We have only 10,000,000 people, scattered from sea to sea, and we must stop incurring heavy responsibilities or we cannot pay on the past (responsibilities). And if we cannot pay on our past responsibilities, we cannot borrow more."

Canada's economic life was at stake, proceeded the Prime Minister, "and if we lose our credit, we lose everything." The Duff royal commission advised paying of the Canadian National deficit each year, but the deficit in 1932 was \$70,000,000, "and this year it looks as if it might be well within it if I said \$1,000,000 a week."

"This country," continued Mr. Bennett, "has only 10,000,000 people, and they find it exceedingly difficult to pay present taxes. We know there is a breaking point, and every day gets us closer to it in this time of depression."

It would be the responsibility of the government and the Canadian National Board of Trustees—recommended by the Duff commission—to maintain the railways as going concerns giving employment, said Mr. Bennett. "Sacrifices will have to be made. We may as well face that. But it will be a common sacrifice, everyone will have to suffer."

Every consideration would be given to the representations, said Mr. Bennett. Seated with the Prime Minister were Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice; Hon. R. J. Macdonald, Minister of Railways; Hon. Alfred Durnan, Minister of Fisheries, and Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance.

When it was suggested the bonded indebtedness of the Canadian National should be reduced, the Prime Minister said the bonds had been guaranteed by the government, "and cannot be written down. The interest must be paid if the credit of this country is to be upheld."

Would Limit Exports

Wheat Should Be Used For Feed For Livestock

Saskatoon, Sask.—Canada should limit exports of wheat by converting as much as possible of it into beef, bacon and hams, poultry and eggs, and perhaps even butter and cheese, P. H. Auld, deputy minister of agriculture, suggested at the session of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies' Association. The agricultural societies should make public opinion in this regard.

The possibilities of increased export of bacon should not be considered only with a view to whether bacon production would be profitable but also with a view to the improvement of wheat prices by feeding surplus wheat to hogs and so relieving the pressure on the wheat market.

To Amend Appeal

Montreal, Que.—Permission to add to and amend the notice of appeal filed Dec. 27 was granted to James J. Harpell, publisher, by the court of appeals today. Harpell is appealing a sentence of three months' imprisonment imposed on him after conviction on a charge of libelling T. R. Macaulay, president of the Sun Life Assurance Company.

Conciliation Sought

Washington.—A British naval officer was reported in advices from Nanking, made public by the Chinese legation, to have acted under instructions from London to seek conciliation between Chinese and Japanese troops after the fighting at Shan-hai-kway.

W. N. U. 1979

U.S. Farmers Fight Taxes

To Protect Property From Loss Through Tax Sales

Chicago.—Farmers of the agrarian states are fighting two of their ancient foes, mortgages and taxes, with a desperate determination this winter, and state legislatures are their battleground.

Their fight is waged with bills of a hundred different designs, but all weapons are aimed at the same target. By one method or another it is intended to protect the farmer from loss of his property through tax sales or mortgage foreclosures.

Nearly every legislature meeting this year has heard the farmers' voice in measures designed to give them respite from tax and interest burdens.

Outside legislative halls, farmers from Iowa to Pennsylvania have given proof of their earnestness, sometimes by forcibly halting tax and mortgage sales. In many states farm groups have voiced their feelings in language which has commanded legislative attention.

Relief sought through the state legislatures is chiefly concerned with reduction of the farmers' "fixed charges," in contrast with legislation to increase prices sought through the federal government.

Wheat Exports

About 80 Per Cent. Of 1932 Crop Is Now Marketed

Ottawa, Ont.—About 80 per cent. of the 1932 wheat crop has been marketed in the prairie provinces, and exports of Canadian wheat and wheat flour for the five months up to the end of December totalled 150,000,000 bushels, as compared with 107,000,000 bushels during the same period in 1931, according to the monthly review of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

The review stressed the importance of exports of Canadian wheat to the United Kingdom during the present crop year. According to British trade returns, during the four-month period from August to November, 1932, total imports of wheat into the United Kingdom amounted to 88,000,000 bushels of which 38,000,000 bushels originated in Canada. The bureau estimated that during the corresponding months of 1931 not more than 20 per cent. of British imports consisted of Canadian wheat.

Trying Times For Dairymen

Prices Of Dairy Products Lowest In Past Twenty Years

Saskatoon, Sask.—At a session of the Saskatchewan Dairy Association at the University, P. E. Reed, dairy commissioner for Saskatchewan, drew attention to the lowest prices during the past 20 years obtaining during 1932 for dairy products.

Mr. Reed said these were trying times for dairymen, but still there were some bright spots to be noted, such as improvement in the management of dairy farms, cattle, butter making, and butterfat production. There was an improvement in the quality of Saskatchewan butter as the C.C.F. clubs. The same policy was being followed in other provinces, where the councils were being formed.

Revisions of the constitution, adopted at the organization convention in Calgary last August, will receive consideration.

Aid For Farmers

Opposes Plan To Put Inexperienced City Men On Farms

Penticton, British Columbia.—Governments should devote more energy to relieving distress of those already on farms and improve economic conditions by that method, rather than increase difficulties by adding oversupply of agricultural commodities by putting inexperienced city men on the land. This was the opinion expressed by R. H. Macdonald, fruit growers' association, at the 43rd annual convention.

Insurance Legislation

Winnipeg, Man.—Designed to get around the recent decision of the privy council placing control of insurance companies in the hands of the provinces, legislation endorsing the Dominion with jurisdiction over companies in Manitoba will be brought down by the Manitoba Government at the coming session of the legislature, it was learned here.

Community Life

Need For Development Stressed By Saskatoon Speaker

Saskatoon, Sask.—Emphasizing the need of a vital community life, particularly the cultural and social guidance of young people, in which the agricultural society should take the lead as a sort of community club, J. G. Rayner, director of agricultural extension at the University of Saskatchewan, gave his report as secretary at the annual convention of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies' Association here. He suggested new fields of endeavour for the societies in a time when, owing to lack of funds, the usual enterprises had to be abandoned.

Mr. Rayner's report pictured the decline in the activities of the agricultural societies, with a total membership reduced from 28,880 in the year 1930 to 5,300 in 1932, but stated that while any report connected with agriculture at this time would contain dismal passages, it had its bright spots also. Good work had been done despite all obstacles, Mr. Rayner declared.

Announce Refusal To Take Pay Reductions

Stand Taken By Railway Workers In England

London, Eng.—Employees of the major railway companies of England announced their refusal to accept wage reductions recommended by Sir Harold Morris, chairman of the National Wage Board.

The definite stand by the employees now leaves the companies with the necessity of carrying on with the former wage scale or the alternative of posting notices instituting the wage cuts. Attempts at compromise have failed.

CONVENTION OF C. C. F. WILL BE HELD IN REGINA

Calgary, Alberta.—First Dominion-wide convention of the newly-organized Co-operative Commonwealth Federation will be held in Regina early in July, with delegates of constituent units from coast to coast attending.

Announcement of the definite selection of the Saskatchewan capital as the first convention city was announced by Norman F. Priestley, vice-president of the United Farmers of Alberta and provisional secretary of the C.C.F. An executive meeting in Regina would precede the convention, he said, but the exact dates of the Dominion-wide gathering had not yet been set.

Provincial councils now being organized will be two-fold or three-fold in character, depending on the admissions within the province. Mr. Priestley cited Ontario as an example, where the provincial council, when completed, probably will be composed of representatives of farmers, labor groups and other citizen groups, such as the C.C.F. clubs. The same policy was being followed in other provinces, where the councils were being formed.

Revisions of the constitution, adopted at the organization convention in Calgary last August, will receive consideration.

POLAND'S RADIO PROTEST



Here we see M. Skirmunt, Polish Ambassador in London, Eng., leaving the Embassy after presenting a note to the Foreign Office complaining of a use of a British radio station for "Political propaganda against a friendly nation." Poland took exception to some remarks on Poland made during a commentary by the British Broadcasting Corporation preceding a relay of several European stations recently.

Liquor Advertisements

Want Permission To Publish Liquor Ads In Ontario Papers

Toronto, Ont.—Permission for publication of liquor advertisements in newspapers and magazines in Ontario was urged upon Premier G. S. Henry by a deputation of five of the Allied Printing Trades Council, in seeking employment for some 500 members of the council.

It was argued that several American publications that would have been published in Ontario were sent to Montreal for publication because liquor advertisements were used in them.

Anxious To Vote

Man In Ireland Cycles 100 Miles To Cast His Ballot

Dublin, Ireland.—Two centenarians were among the first to cast their vote in Donegal as the Irish Free State went to the polls. In Kenmare a husband, a wife, aged 101 and 99 years, respectively, voted their preference.

A Galway man cycled 100 miles to cast his ballot, while an enthusiast in Killarney walked 40 miles to do his bit for his party.

To Be Deported

Montreal, Que.—Edmond Audard, a naturalized Frenchman who has lived in Canada since 1909, will be deported after serving a sentence of one month's imprisonment for obtaining \$20 by false pretences. He was sentenced by Judge Marin in court of sessions.

TIGER CUB BORN DURING CRISIS



Mr. Matthews, famous animal trainer, gives young Olympia a feed before officially presenting it to Mr. Bertram Mills for safe keeping, while a young admirer looks on. This tiger cub was born at Olympia, London, England, to Indus and Fanny, during one of the circus performances which draw thousands each winter, including members of the Royal Family.

Intellectual Development

Dr. H. H. Tory Scores Any Movement Towards Curb Opportunity

Vancouver, B.C.—A challenge to those who would curb intellectual development of Canada was voiced by Dr. H. H. Tory, chairman of the National Research Council of Canada, in addressing the Canadian club here. "The man who would curb the intellectual activities of the country is a traitor to the nation," declared Dr. Tory with emphasis.

"What are your great natural resources without men equipped with the intellectual approach?" he asked. "On the great prairies of Canada the white man produced more in one year than had been produced there in the ages. What are natural resources without the training to use them? Without that intellectual ability they may be a curse to the country which owns them. Scientific discoveries of comparatively recent years have given employment to millions and opened up new activities."

Treasure Hunt

Syndicate Says Cocos Island Venture Is Not Abandoned

Vancouver, B.C.—All members of the Cocos Island treasure party have left the island and are now located on the mainland of Costa Rica, officials of the syndicate announced recently. The evacuation was made necessary through defects developed aboard the contact boat "Vigilant."

In a statement issued by J. G. Turgeon, managing director, and Lt.-Col. J. S. Tait, a director, it was announced the venture would not be abandoned but that after consulting with shareholders it was planned to send another party to the island, thoroughly equipped to complete the work carried on during the past 11 months.

Plan Meets With Success

Prepayment Of Taxes Is Working Well In Ontario

Toronto, Ont.—Ontario's citizens, in these so-called days of depression, willingly lay their money on the line in taxes for the old home town. Survey of 15 cities, in which 11 have put into effect tax-prepayment plans, shows discount-on-advance-pay system is generally well received and operating successfully.

Among cities covered by the survey, Toronto, Ont., was Marie, Ont., Ottawa, Kitchener, Stratford, London, St. Catharines, Sarnia and Sudbury have adopted the prepayment scheme.

BRITAIN HAS AGREED TO U.S. DEBT DISCUSSION

London, Eng.—Great Britain, in formally agreeing to Anglo-American debt discussions by a note which Ambassador Sir Ronald Lindsay handed to Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson, definitely limited the scope of any decisions which might be taken at Washington to questions concerning Great Britain's war debts to the United States.

Great Britain stated that she will be "glad to exchange views with Mr. Roosevelt on other world economic problems in which the two governments are interested," but decision "naturally cannot be reached," before the world monetary and economic conference.

In Whitehall this was interpreted as having a two-fold object. Britain does not desire to be drawn too deeply into any general discussions of world economic problems at Washington. Secondly, there is a desire to safeguard the aims and purposes of the world economic conference of which Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald was named chairman by the Geneva preparatory commission.

It is expected the world economic conference will assemble in London as soon as possible after the Washington debt discussion has been concluded. British observers expect this to be in May at the earliest.

Washington.—Great Britain accepted President-Elect Franklin D. Roosevelt's terms for a discussion of its war debt, but made a reservation against deciding what questions will be considered by the world economic conference until there is a general meeting of all nations to be represented there.

The British reply was delivered at the state department while a furious debate rang out in the senate which indicated that if there has been any yielding in the congressional opposition to cancellation or revision, it is still of small proportions.

ONLY ONE OF TEN DEPORTEES STILL IN CANADA

Halifax, N.S.—Only one of ten aliens ordered deported as Communists last May remains in custody at immigration detention quarters here. With the departure of Dan Holmes and Stefan Woroczyk, only John Sembay (Iwan Semba) was left.

Holmes, whose real name is Dan Chomicki, and Woroczyk were sent out of the country aboard the liner "Polaski" bound for Copenhagen and Gdynia. Holmes is an Austrian and Woroczyk a native of Poland. The fact that they had gone was not generally known; Lionel A. Ryan, barrister who represented the Canadian Labor Defence League in their interests, did not learn of it until recently.

Ryan said no appeal to the judicial committee of the Privy Council would be taken from the rulings of three Canadian courts. Refusal of the Minister of Immigration to stay deportation proceedings had made such an appeal impractical, he said. It was now only an academic question.

The ten held here were: Arvo Vaara, editor of the Finnish Daily Vapaus, of Sudbury, Ont.; Martin Parker, his secretary; Hans Kist of Berlin; Conrad Cessinger, Bavarian; John Fracas, of Hungary; John Stahlberg, Montreal manager of Vaara's paper; Frederick Zurcher, Swiss; Sembay and the two who left on Monday, January 15.

Stahlberg was sent to the United States, where he was a naturalized citizen, and Vaara, Parker, Kist, Cessinger, and Fracas were deported late in December to their countries of origin. Zurcher was deported subsequently. It was understood at the time that Sembay, the one remaining alien, had made arrangements to be sent to the Soviet Union.

Labor Representation

All Canadian Congress Of Labor Interviews The Premier

Ottawa, Ont.—A sharp indictment of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada and a request for equal recognition of other labor organizations before the law and in the selection of Labor representatives for government bodies and commissions was presented to Premier R. B. Bennett and his cabinet by a delegation from the All-Canadian Congress of Labor.

The Trades and Labor Congress was pictured as a "quasi-political body," deriving its standing wholly from the support of United States-controlled unions and seeking in voluntary support from the workers of Canada. It had no right to pose as or be recognized as the official representative of organized labor in Canada.

In a two-hour interview with the cabinet, the delegation brought forward a score of charges against the rival labor organization.

Premier Bennett thanked the delegation for its representations and promised consideration.

Prize Birds Dead

Bronchitis Attacks Poultry In Alberta Egg-Laying Contest

Lethbridge, Alberta.—Sixty-two birds from the finest poultry flocks in Alberta had died as result of an epidemic which broke out at the Lethbridge experimental farm, where they were entered in an egg-laying contest.

Recognizing the seriousness of the situation, the contest management issued a statement in which it said an epidemic of infectious bronchitis broke out among the birds on January 17.

Took Drastic Measures

Quebec, Que.—Because he cut off his right index finger and then claimed compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Act, Joseph Dupuis, St. Adele De Pabos, Quebec, was sentenced to four months imprisonment with hard labor. He was arraigned on a charge of perjury in order to obtain money from the Workmen's Compensation Commission under false pretences and of committing perjury.

Safer Than Highway

Costelloville, Ill.—For years, Vivian Dipolci, 65, a crossing watchman, walked to work on the railroad right-of-way. A month ago the management ordered him to take a safer course. A few days ago a truck roared down the Lincoln Highway and killed him.

An Inelastic Law

One Reluctant To Jury Duty Could Be Improved On

A short time ago in Ontario a man called for jury said it would throw 22 men dependent upon him temporarily out of employment. The judge refused to excuse him. It is a common sense that at this time of all times nothing should be done to hamper employment. It is also common sense that there are thousands of men capable of discharging the duty of juror in a completely satisfactory manner, whereas there are relatively few men whose presence is necessary in order to keep 22 men in employment. A system which is not sufficiently elastic to permit to making exceptions which intelligence suggests is not good enough. The judge's decision emphasizes the necessity to make the law applicable to conditions as they are at the moment.—Calgary Albertan.

For Farm Relief

United States Farm Relief Plan To Aid Adjustment

A possibly far-reaching new element was introduced into the United States congressional farm relief drama as Senator Brookhart, of Iowa, declared in favor of a "war emergency" plan which he said William C. McAdoo, California's senator-elect, was considering.

He described the McAdoo plan as calling for agricultural price-fixing by federal law and for governmental control of the surplus.

Because of a belief the scheme would be vetoed by President Hoover, Brookhart said it is not planned to bring it forward for action until the next congress meets in the spring.

New Treatment

United States Investigator Reports New Remedy For Pneumonia

Dr. Edwin E. Zeigler, of the United States veterans' administration, reported discovery of new treatment for pneumonia.

The treatment, a substance called "pneumocholin," has been found capable of building up immunity in rabbits against "type one" pneumonia, so they are able to resist attacks of this disease which ordinarily would prove fatal, says Dr. Zeigler, in the administration's medical bulletin.

Pneumocholin is produced by dissolving penicillin—pneumonia germs—in sodium tauro cholate, derived from bile.

Holidays For This Year

Most Of Them Fall On Saturday Or Monday

Holidays occur in 1933 as follows: Good Friday, April 14; Easter Monday, April 17, which is only a bank holiday; Victoria Day, Wednesday, May 24; Saturday, June 3, King's Birthday, which is not generally observed in Canada as yet; Saturday, July 1, Dominion Day; Labor Day, Monday, September 4; Remembrance Day, Monday, November 11; Christmas Day, Monday, December 25. Then there will be civic holiday and Thanksgiving Day to be declared later. It will be noted that most of the holidays occur either on Saturday or Monday this year, which gives long week-ends for gadding.

Victim Of Swindle

Beys Former German Kaiser Bought Bogus Statue

When former Kaiser Wilhelm paid 1,000,000 marks for a statue of the mythological queen of the underworld, says a noted Italian professor of ancient art, he became the victim of a colossal swindle.

The statue, which depicts Persephone, a major Roman goddess and consort of Pluto, and which now is in a Berlin museum, is said by Professor Eduardo Galli not to be genuine. Wilhelm bought the work before the war in the belief that it was the handiwork of an artist living in the fifth century before Christ.

An Unfinished Story

In 1809 Clarence Herbert New started writing a serial story for a magazine called "Free Lances in Diplomacy." It has run continuously nearly every month since then, exceeding 2,000,000 words in length, but it will never be finished. New died suddenly January 15, at the age of 71.

Eight Pacific type locomotives in England have travelled a total of 4,356,618 miles.

Marie Antoinette was imprisoned for more than a year before her execution.

W. N. U., 1933

A Queer Hobby

Cleveland Pastor Has About 15,000 Pictures Of Locomotives

Ever since the Rev. James H. Dean, pastor of the Brooklyn United Presbyterian Church in Cleveland, Ohio, switched Pennsylvania Railroad trains thunder past his house every day when he was a little boy in Xenia, Ohio, locomotives have held a strong fascination for him.

Nothing particularly remarkable about that, is there? Who has not felt a thrill at sight of a giant snorting "iron horse" galloping with rhythmic clackety-clack over the narrow bands of steel rails?

But the Rev. Mr. Dean turned his admiration into a hobby. He began back in 1908. And any thought that this is a hobby that would not last is promptly dispelled by a glance at his big filing cabinet which, he says, contains between 15,000 and 18,000 locomotive pictures. All are as carefully arranged as a botanist might classify floral specimens. Rev. Mr. Dean took most of them himself. Others he acquired through trades with other collectors.

There are about 200 "seriously inclined men" who have been taking locomotive pictures for years, he says. They are organized into the Railway and Locomotive Historical Society. He has corresponded and traded pictures with some of the members for years and never met them. A few have visited him here, or he has gone to see them and their collections.

Almost all the members of the society follow professions other than railroad. The collection has practically no monetary value, the pastor says, but they are lots of fun. All the collectors fall to find much interest in the electric locomotive. Rev. Mr. Dean said. They feel it is not as picturesque or as romantic as the steam locomotive belching smoke and fire.

And the motor bus and airplane? Oh, well, locomotive fans just can't help being "agin" anything which threatens seriously to cut in on the railroads.

Payable In New York

Canada's Borrowings Payable In U.S. Funds Total \$3,253,000,000

Calgary's repudiation of American exchange on debenture payments in New York, January 1, entailing a loss of \$300,000 to United States interests, has directed attention to the amount of Canada's debts payable in New York, which up to last year was the chief financing centre for the Dominion's loans, federal, provincial, municipal or corporate. The funded debt of all classes of Canadian borrowings from the federal government down to corporations is estimated at \$7,602,000,000, of which 42.8 per cent, or \$3,253,000,000, is payable in United States dollars, 47.6 per cent. in sterling.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Brazil Burning Coffee

Finds It Cheaper Than Coal For Making Gas

The use of low-grade coffee for making gas and by-products is proving a commercial success at the gas works at Niteroi, near Santos, Brazil. Coffee in Brazil is just now cheaper than coal, for 3,000,000 sacks of it have been burned in the open air or dumped at sea in recent months. The discovery that burning coffee can be used for gas making, therefore, brings a clear gain. The coffee as used in making gas was ground and made into bricks with a tar binder. After the experiments got under way, the tar used was a by-product of the coffee itself.

To Discuss War Debts

Talk With Britain Planned After U.S. President Installed

President Herbert Hoover and President-elect Franklin Roosevelt, in a White House conference, agreed upon a discussion of war debts with representatives of Great Britain to take place early in March after the change of administration.

In a statement issued at the White House it was said the official talks with Great Britain would include also the economic problems of the world and "ways and means for improving the world situation."

Fifteen thousand employees of a British railway are attending classes and lectures at the company's expense this winter.

Air accidents among British Air Force number three times those of all British civil planes.

The Washington, D.C., zoo has a new collection of 50 rare birds.

CANADIAN SOCIETY ORGANIZED TO FOSTER ARTS AND LETTERS



A new organization to be known as the Canadian Society for Literature and the Arts, and designed to exercise a cultural and educational influence has just been organized. Its object is to promote a greater knowledge of literature, history and the arts, with particular emphasis upon Canadian effort in these directions. Above are some of the leaders in this new society. The Patron is His Honor Dr. H. A. Bruce (4), Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, President, Professor Pelham Edgar (2), of Victoria College, Toronto; Vice-President and Chairman of the Council, John M. Elson (1), well known author, journalist and lecturer. Second Vice-President, Dr. E. J. Pratt (3), of Victoria College, well known Canadian poet. Organizing Director, Miss Ethel W. Rogers (5), Toronto. Photo of Professor Edgar by Violet Keene of Eaton Studio, Toronto.

Popular Notion Wrong

Blood-Transfusion Benefits and Does Not Weaken Donor

The popular notion that blood-transfusion weakens and injures the donor of the blood was exploded at London by the revelations of P. L. Oliver, honorary secretary of the Blood Transfusion Service of the British Red Cross.

This service consists of about 1,200 men and women, ranging in age from 18 to 60, who are attending London hospitals regularly to give blood to perfect strangers. On an average seven donors per day are supplied, but more than a score have been sent on a single day.

Oliver says that it is extremely rare for a donor not to be back at his or her work within an hour after the transfusion.

"So far as athletes are concerned," he stated, "some young men particularly ask for transfusions on Fridays or Saturdays, as it induces such a feeling of fitness for football, hockey or running."

Miss Amy Gentry, who recently won the Women's Amateur Rowing championship of England is a regular donor, her last transfusion having taken place ten days before competition.

Drum Not For Sale

Curio dealers in London and New York are reported to have offered up to \$20,000 for the huge drum which the Prince of Wales thumped on his recent visit to Northern Ireland. The Prince got the drum sticks as a memento, but the drum is not for sale.

"Dear Mr. Editor—Will you please read the enclosed short story carefully and return it to me with your candid criticism as soon as possible, as I have other irons in the fire."

"Dear Sir—Remove irons and insert short story."

Glasgow, Scotland, has a war on dog racing.

Monsoon Is Important

Regulates Amount Of Rain Which Falls In India

The monsoon, which sweeps across the Indian Ocean during the season from the end of May to September is one of the most important factors in Indian prosperity.

Nearly the whole amount of rain which falls in India during the year comes in the monsoon, and if the downpour fails Indian peasants and farmers have their crops ruined. Anxiously they wait every year for the heavy clouds to burst, when the wind has rolled them across the Arabian Sea to India.

In the early days of navigation the Arabs and the Eastern voyagers who first sailed the Indian Ocean, depended on the monsoon, and the early European trading companies regulated their voyages to the East according to the monsoons.

Today sailors vary their course during the monsoon, which is really a reversal of the normal winds over the ocean.

In the Arabian Sea the normal wind is the northeast trade wind, but actually it blows only in the cool season. When the sun is overhead in the north of India a depression develops in the northwest. As a result, the southeast trade wind blows over the Equator and then circles round the centre of depression or low pressure, reaching India as a southwest wind.

Famous Brothers

The late Llewellyn Oslar, who died recently in London, was the last of the famous Canadian generation of Oslar brothers—Sir William Oslar, the greatest modern authority on medicine; B. Oslar, famous criminal lawyer; Sir Edmund Oslar, financier; Hon. Featherston Oslar, the Judge; and the noted Edward Oslar being the others.

A survey of 10,000 rural homes in 33 states show that 87 per cent of the women on farms never have vacations.

History Marked By Bells

London's Great Ones Made In Famous Whitechapel Foundry

Every glamorous event in the magnificent pages of English history has been marked by the solemn chiming of some great bell. The birth of kings and their coronations, martial funerals, and the execution of traitors—all have been marked by the sounds of some bell made in the famous Whitechapel Foundry.

From there came the great cathedral bells of England—Canterbury, Winchester, Durham, Wells, Southwark, and St. Paul's. There was made the famous "Great Tom" of Lincoln, weighing 23,000 lbs.

In the fifteenth century courtyard here bells are lying in disuse, bells which must have charmed the ears of Queen Elizabeth.

In the great foundry, where a craft is practiced that has been handed down from generation to generation and which requires the greatest skill, Big Ben's chiming was cast, and so were Bow Bells.

Might Become New Party

People Must Be Careful How They Handle Technocracy

Technocracy is an ugly word, but its exponents have the beautiful idea of an efficient, modern, scientific world should act that way. Unfortunately, the technocrats do not show how means can be served during alterations.

The danger is that some day technocracy will become a party and nominate people for things and act silly. Worse still, it might be what the next great war is to make the world safe for.—The New Yorker.

Sacrifice To Naval Treaty

Japan Has Turned Big Battle Cruiser Into Training Ship

The battle cruiser "Hayei," Japan's sacrifice to the 1930 London naval treaty, shorn of her big guns, has become an innocuous training ship at the gunnery school Yokosuka, Japan. The "Hayei" belonged to a class of four 26,330-ton ships which criticized the most formidable group afloat. The 1930 pact, which doomed five of Great Britain's capital ships and three of America's, stipulated that the "Hayei" should be stripped of offensive power.

Scheme Was Successful

Low-Fare Excursions Net \$500,000 For Canada's Railways

If all operations of Canadian railroads proved as successful as the low-fare excursions experiment of the past year, Canada could have no railway problem. A. A. Gardner, assistant general passenger traffic manager, C.N.R., stated in an address at Montreal. These special excursions had netted the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways approximately \$500,000, about half of this sum going to each, he said.

The night hawk migrates the farthest distance of all the land birds, from Yukon to Argentina, 7,000 miles away.

Depression And Family Life

Unemployed Husbands Should Not Spend Too Much Time At Home

Unemployed husbands are warned not to stay home too much and their wives are cautioned not to punish their anxious menfolk in a report on "What the Depression Is Doing To Family Life," issued by the United States Committee for Mental Hygiene.

When the breadwinner loses his job, the report says, "there is often seen a tendency in the other members of the family to throw blame on the father for the dilemma in which they find themselves. He usually reacts in one of several ways: Sometimes he gives in and adopts a hangdog air.

"In this case he often develops numerous symptoms of apparent physical disease (headache, general weakness, vague pains here and there) for which, however, the most careful medical examination fails to disclose any adequate physical cause. However, this man does not deliberately and intentionally manufacture his symptoms of illness.

"Perhaps," adds the report, "father should not spend so much time at home. There is sometimes a marked increase in hostility toward the father or when, because of unemployment, he begins to function more actively in the domestic scene. His presence at unusual hours tends to upset domestic routine and to throw many of the usual daytime customs of the family out of gear."

On the other hand, the report finds evidence that there is less juvenile delinquency at present because unemployed fathers are spending more time with their children at home.

Must Pay The Fiddler

View Of United States Paper On Wheat Preference

The British Customs have ruled that Canadian wheat shipped through American ports cannot be given imperial preference unless some scheme for a "through bill of lading" can be worked out, which nobody seems to think likely. Consequently, Canadian wheat, which has moved through Baltimore, one year to the tune of 15,000,000 bushels, will avoid our elevators, Stewart Henderson, who is chief manager of the Baltimore Chamber of Commerce, concludes from this that "two can play at the same game in this tariff business."

This is a wise conclusion, and one too commonly ignored by our politicians, who appear to think that America can lay tariffs indiscriminately, ignore the facts of war debts and pursue a reckless economic policy generally with no fear of reprisal.

Well, Ottawa is one fruit of that blind confidence, and the grain elevators of Baltimore are among those who must pay the fiddler for playing the tune of economic nationalism.—Baltimore Sun.

Autogyro As Fire Fighter

Tests Show It Well Suited For Forest Patrol

The autogyro aeroplane has found a place in fire patrol of Pacific Northwest forests.

Tests conducted during the past few seasons showed the autogyro well suited for forest patrol purposes because of its ability to hover over the trees, to get in and out of canyons, and land and take off on small fields.

Planes contracted for forest service use will make flights from Seattle or Wenatchee in Washington. Since 1919 the forest service has used aeroplanes for forest fire scout duty.

Skill Proving Useful

Ninety-Two Year Old Grindstone Is New Curbsone

A circular grindstone which once turned out Rhode Island johnny-cake meal, has at the age of 92 years become a common curbsone.

In 1841 the stone which was being used at the Boyd windmill broken apart after 44 years' service. From 1844 until last September the broken parts, placed together, were laid down at the entrance to the mill. Recently, when a small park was laid out, the stone was donated to the town for use as a curbsone.

"Madam, this morning when I bathed I found only a nail-brush in the bathroom. I can't wash my back with a nail-brush."

Landlady—"Well, you've a tongue in your 'ead, 'avent you?"

Lodger—"Yes, but I'm no swan."

There are approximately 11,000 motor vehicles registered in Syria. Of these 8,457 are passenger cars.

morning after?
How Eno wakes
you up, banishes
headaches,
relieves you
Take a glass of
Eno—and feel a
different person.
CA 12-23

TAKE
ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

**HEART
OF THE
NORTH**

By
**WILLIAM
BYRON
MOWERY**

(FNU Series)
Copyright by William Byron Mowery

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

Alan swore to wield this sword in his hand.

By mid-afternoon of that interminable day they came to the first straggling trees at the Thia-Azzah edge. At deep twilight they reached the Alooska Forks, and the anchored launch.

Pedensult had just returned from his useless trip up the south branch. In a few words he understood all that had happened. With one glance at his spent and staggering partners, he took their heavy burden from their shoulders.

Alan flung himself down beside Bill, driven to the limit of human endurance. His last waking thought was the grim satisfaction of knowing that he held a sword over his guilty arrogant officer and could bring him to account at last.

In his cabin Inspector Haskell sat behind his desk, waiting for Alan Baker to come in and report. He was thinking, thinking hard; and for all his self-control his nerves were jumpy.

Over in a corner Whipple sat at the table, pretending to write but in reality waiting there, as Haskell had bidden him. Something cold had gripped Haskell half an hour ago when he saw the patrol returning without the six bandits and with Constable Young desperately wounded. He knew the details of that patrol already; Whipple had come up and privately told him. How the bandits had headed for the Thia-Azzah, as Baker had warned. How Baker had run those six to earth and cornered them. How Pedensult and the other two constables had been a hundred and forty miles away during that crucial hour.

As he knew, this crime was the most spectacular in years along the Three Rivers. The defeat administered to the police was the most stinging in a decade. This incident would have reverberations at headquarters. Superintendent Williamson would investigate. The very first question of that veteran old officer would be:

"Why in h—l did you order Baker to divide that patrol? Spitting up his detail that way—didn't you realize that neither party would be able to handle those criminals?"

Not defending himself, Haskell knew he was caught. He knew he had made a capital mistake in a Force where a man's first mistake is usually his last. In those thirty minutes all his prospects of promotion in service, of smashing Alan Baker, of swinging Elizabeth Spaulding to himself, had come tumbling down like a house of

cards, and he was thoroughly frightened.

It would spell ruin to his career if the facts of the patrol became known. The blame of this shameful defeat lay squarely at his door. Baker surely realized that; Baker surely was going to use that sword against him. It was war now, open and avowed war between them.

Step by step, logic led him to the one and only recourse he had. If Williamson ever found out he had ordered that patrol split, if that was so, then this measure was exactly what the sergeant had coming to him. He ought to be smashed, and smashed hard. . . . You've got to fight fire with fire.

Haskell tried to still his conscience by thinking that Baker had wanted the patrol to fail. If that was so, then this measure was exactly what the sergeant had coming to him. He ought to be smashed, and smashed hard. . . . You've got to fight fire with fire.

Still in his muddled and torn uniform, Alan came down the slope toward Haskell's cabin, intending to bludgeon some hard and fast terms out of the guilty inspector or shoot a complaint over his head to Superintendent Williamson. If Haskell did not give in to his demands, he meant to send a half-breed runner to the Royal Signal corps station at Resolution and flash a message to the division commander that would start an avalanche.

Over at Mrs. Drummond's house where Joyce had gone, candles were gleaming in the windows. Across at Father Claverly's tiny hospital, Larry Young lay fighting for his life. Up the slope at barracks Dave MacMillan was locked in the police "butter-tub," charged with being accomplice to robbery and murder.

Joyce had reported secretly: "Alan. I talked with him. He isn't guilty! He never heard a whisper about these bandits, till I told him. . . . He couldn't have deceived me!"

That same impression had been Alan's. "He couldn't have deceived me." There was something behind that pack of furs which hadn't come to light yet and which would explain those damning circumstances.

It was his conviction that Dave MacMillan was not guilty at all.

He meant to put up a fight for Dave. It was easy to resolve that, but the actual job was the hardest thing he had attempted in his whole life. The only way to capture the guilty men and either wring a confession out of them or hold out king's evidence as a lure and get them started talking against each other.

Which way would they try to escape? They'd go east when they reached the Thia-Azzah. They'd go across the Great Barren to Hudson's Bay and try to pick up passage on a fishing smack, or go east and south toward The Pas in Manitoba. There was only one route leading east out of the Thia-Azzah, and they'd have to take it. It was an old Timneh trade route, the Inconnu River.

Alan meant to lead a patrol to the Inconnu.

As he strode into the cabin, he saw Haskell waiting for him, coolly smoking a cigarette. It seemed to Alan that the man actually did not realize that his ignorant orders had wrecked the patrol and that the whole blame and shame of it lay at his door.

When he finished his patrol, Haskell made no comment. Wondering at his cool air, Alan was silent a few moments. He could not understand the man's nonchalance. This was war between them; each knew it; and yet Haskell showed no fear, no concern, no conciliatory spirit whatsoever.

Keeping back his heavy weapon, Alan took up his defense of Joyce's father.

"About Dave MacMillan. My opinion is, he's entirely innocent. There's no call to send him outside to Edmonton. A travelling court is coming down the Three Rivers in August, and his case can wait for that. He can be kept here, or released on bail. Drummond will put up bail; I'll be personally responsible for him. There's another reason; he's got some good friends among the Dogribs; if he's released he'll get busy and stir them up to help hunt these bandits."

Haskell interposed: "What was he doing last week? Where was he? Can he put up any bail?"

"He was in the Candle-ice Lake country, trying to locate Little Otter's band. He'd find them all winter, and they owed him their spring peltry; but they'd sneaked away and taken their peltry in to the L. & H. He saw no one; he has no alibi."

"That trader won't be released," Haskell said flatly. "I'll decide whether to keep him here or send him outside to Edmonton."

Dismaying Dave MacMillan's plight with a curt gesture, he demanded: "What made you leave Constable

FOR HEAD COLDS

snuff up nose
also melt in
hot water and
inhale vapors



OVER 24 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Burgoon there at the trading post, short-handed as we are?"

"To watch after the furs and trade goods."

"That's MacMillan's lookout. I'll have to instruct Pedensult to get Burgoon tomorrow."

"But Miss Joyce expects to return there. She has good reasons. What protection do you intend to give her?"

"If she insists on returning, I don't feel any responsibility. This isn't an orphanage; it's a Mounted Police post."

Alan entered that remark in his account against the inspector. Haskell's callous attitude toward a defenseless, grief-stricken girl seemed to him an index to the man's real manhood.

Still keeping his sword hidden as Haskell, he broached the matter of that patrol to the Inconnu. As he sketched his plan briefly, he saw that Haskell, listening to him coldly, was not even interested. An uneasiness came over him. What was Haskell thinking? Didn't the man realize he had made a fatal mistake?

Alan summed up his plan: "In three weeks I want to have a patrol lying low on the Inconnu. I'll take Hardcock and Pedensult, and enlist three good 'breeds as special constables."

Haskell stopped him.

"I'm not interested in your plan, sergeant. You're merely making a long guess about what they'd do. It sounds like this—"

"About as thin as my guess that they'd take the north branch into the Thia-Azzah!" Alan flung back at him. "I know this country. Now, get this straight inspector: I'm going to make that trip. I don't come in here to ask your permission. You've wrecked one patrol. If Superintendent Williamson hears about that, you won't have a chance to wreck any more. You'll keep your hands off this Inconnu trip, or Williamson is going to hear 4-0 quick!"

The threat daunted Haskell not at all. He scarcely seemed to have heard. With that faint sardonic smile on his face, he intoned coldly:

"Besides the flimsiness of your plan, sergeant, there's another absurdity about it. You just came back from a patrol that started out with every chance in the world of succeeding. You yourself admit you met the bandits and even had them cornered. But by your weak vacillating flight you allowed them to escape—"

"What's that?" Alan cut in. "A weak vacillating flight? . . . Good Lord!" His memory whipped back to Bill and himself belying up behind the muskrat house, and to Larry Young, coming out against six men on open water.

"You failed miserably," Haskell proceeded, in knife-edge voice. "You probably wanted to fail, so you could try to hang something onto me. Those criminals escaped clean, and one of your men was badly shot. After such a performance, don't you think it's a bit ridiculous of you to stand there and baldly ask me to let you lead a thousand-mile, all-summer patrol with five men? Instead . . . Well, you've been in the Mounted long enough to know what the consequences are of a failure like yours."

Alan stood daunted. Haskell was actually blaming that disaster upon him! Did the man still fail to realize that the patrol had been wrecked by his own crazy ideas?

(To Be Continued.)

Gas Station For 'Planes

Filling stations for light aeroplanes have been established near Berlin, Germany. Pilots of sport aircraft can now taxi up to the stations and fill their tanks without going to the trouble of landing at airports. A large funnel is used to make sure that the gas will go where it is needed without spilling.

Several model textile mills will be built by Kwangtung Province of China.

New Motor Fuel

Using Common Charcoal Or Coke To Drive Engines

Science is even revolutionizing the fuels we use for locomotion. Mr. N. C. Jones, of London, England, claims to have invented a means of using common charcoal or coke as the basis of a fuel for motor vehicles, which will supply power at a coal equivalent to petrol, at 3d. a gallon.

His apparatus consists of two units—a gas producer, and a cleanser and filter. In operation, the passages of air and water vapor through an incandescent mass of charcoal creates a gas which, when passed into the cylinder and mixed with air, forms an explosive mixture. The apparatus, it is said, can be attached to any commercial vehicle, and also to stationary heavy oil plants.

A company is now launching this process on a commercial basis in Britain, and it is stated that, during the course of a year, they are hoping to produce a more compact apparatus for the use of private cars.

Adjust Freight Rates

Domestic Rates On Feed Grain Westward May Be Reduced

Reports are prevalent that the domestic freight rates on feed grains westward are to be reduced. The decrease will be of benefit to Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, and to a lesser extent to Manitoba.

Domestic freight rates are higher than export rates. In the schedules under consideration the difference between these two tariffs is likely to be cut from 40 to 50 per cent.

The action under discussion would enable the prairie farmers to find a wider market for their No. 6 grain. The western farmers have a large stock of this feed grain on hand.

Poultry and chicken farmers of British Columbia would get cheaper feed grain as a consequence. A large market exists in the coast province for this commodity.

The situation is under review with indications of an easy decision in the way of reduction of domestic freight rates on feed grain westbound.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Alice Michaloff

HERITAGE

We cannot know them all, These ancestors of ours Who left us, through the long, slow years Such strangely varied dreams.

One gave me wistful drowns And love of wind-tossed furs, Another gave a heart that clings To tranquil ways and home.

One gave me truth and trust, One gave me pride and fire, The gift of one was faith enough To grasp my heart's desire.

Women with laughing lips And men who fought and dreamed; So through my veins the changeful tide Of diverse lives has streamed.

And sometimes I must ask, As life so strangely runs, How much of this myself is I, How much those other ones?

New Bow For Violin

German Fiddler Finds Silver Wires Give Good Tone

For centuries past the violin bow has been made of horsehair. It is perhaps a lucky thing that, just as the horse is disappearing, a German fiddler has invented a bow string with silver wires. These wires are of about the same thickness as horsehair, and as they are slightly roughened on the surface they vibrate the strings perfectly without the use of resin. The bow, it is claimed, is far better than is given by the ordinary bow. It is not commercially available on this continent as yet.

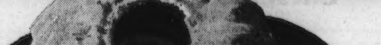
About \$400,000,000 worth of gold is produced each year.

Rothsay, Scotland, has officially banned Sunday golf.



ROYAL YEAST CAKES

the best dry yeast for home baking..

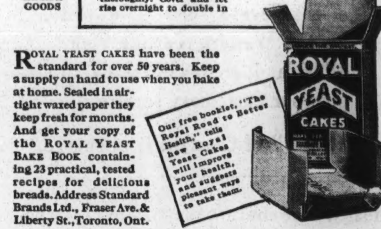


Try this Easy-to-Make Recipe for FORM CAKE

Cream 1/4 cup sugar with 1/4 cup butter. Add to 1 beaten egg and beat until light. Add 1 cup lukewarm milk. Stir well. Add 1 cup Royal Yeast Cakes. 1/4 cup citric acid, 1/4 cup raisins, 1/4 cup chopped almonds, 1/4 teaspoon salt, and enough flour to make soft dough (about 4 cups). Knead well. Cover and set aside in warm place for 15 minutes. Roll out to 1/2 inch thick. Cut into 12 squares. Bake in hot oven (350°) for 15 minutes. Cool down and place in well-greased tin pan. Brush top with egg and bake in moderate oven about 45 min.

ROYAL YEAST SPONGE: Soak 1 Royal Yeast Cake in 1/2 pint lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Dissolve 1 tablespoon sugar in 1/2 pint milk. Add to dissolved yeast cake. Add 1/4 cup bread flour. Beat thoroughly. Cover and let rise overnight to double in bulk.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES have been the standard for over 50 years. Keep a supply on hand to use when you bake at home. Sealed in airtight waxed paper they keep fresh for months. And get your copy of the **ROYAL YEAST BAKE BOOK** containing 23 practical, tested recipes for delicious breads. Address Standard Brands Ltd., Fraser Ave. & Liberty St., Toronto, Ont.



Tame Deer Follows Hunters

Camp Pet Identified By Piece Of Red Cloth

The mystery of a deer with a bell around its neck, which followed hunters about the woods near Ashland, Wisconsin, has been explained.

Claude Manley and E. V. Needham reported that they were trailed by the belled doe recently while deer hunting in the vicinity of Lake Namakagon. Wisconsin's law protects the doe.

Paul Binfield identified the doe as the apparently motherless fawn which woodsmen found wandering near their camp three or four years ago, and which they raised on a bottle.

The doe refused to leave the neighborhood when it became full grown, and returned regularly for meals, Binfield explained. Often it will trail cooks' helpers carrying food to woodsmen working too far from camp to return for meals, he said.

A piece of red cloth is attached to the deer to prevent hunters from killing the camp pet, and during the open hunting season its protectors strap a bell around its neck as a further precaution, Binfield said.

Russians Discontented

As Disillusioned As Under Czars Says British Author

The Russian masses are as disillusioned today as they were under the rule of the czars, Major F. Yeats-Brown, British author and sportsman, said while visiting Milwaukee on a lecture tour.

"Thoughts of revolution run through the minds of the Russian masses today," he declared. "They are discontented with their lot under the Soviet regime and tired of the starvation rations upon which they are forced to subsist because of the shortage of food."

The author of "The Lives of a Bengal Lancer" and "Bloody Years" recently returned from a visit to Russia. He said only the army there is well fed, adding that "the Soviet government sees to that because a well conditioned army can stave off revolution."

Sounded Like Furs!

The English Alpine visitor was met in the lounge of the hotel by a Frenchman.

"Ah," exclaimed the latter, "I've heard about you. You climbed the Matterhorn. That is a foot to be proud of!"

The Englishman laughed.

"Pardon me, sir," he said, "you mean 'feet,' do you not?"

"Ah," said the Frenchman, greatly excited, "so you climbed it more than once, eh?"

Copied in Moscow

Nearly 300,000 pieces of glass were required to make a copy in mosaic, 23 feet long and 12 feet high, of Leonardo Da Vinci's famous painting, "The Last Supper," now being shown in the Pergamon Museum in Berlin.

Little Helps For This Week

"Whatsoever ye do, do it heartily as to the Lord and not unto men."—Colossians 3:23.

"Not with eye-service as men please; but with singleness of heart, fearing God."—Colossians 3:22.

Teach me my God and King, In all things Thee to see, And what I do in anything, To do it as for Thee.—G. Herbert.

There is no action so slight or so mean but it may be done to a purpose, and ennobled therefore; nor is there any purpose so great but that slight actions may help it.—J. Ruskin.

Every duty involves the whole principle of obedience. And little duties make the life dutiful and prompt to obey. Little obediences lead into great. The daily round of duty is full of probation and of discipline; it trains the heart, will, and conscience. We need not be prophets or apostles, and the commonest life may be full of perfection. The duties of home are a discipline for the ministries of heaven.—H. E. Manning.

Peru Taxing Tickets

Levy For First Class Passengers Is Four Per Cent

All steamship and aeroplane tickets sold in Peru now carry a revenue tax of 2 to 4 per cent of the ticket's value, according to the commerce department. First class tickets for foreign countries carry stamps to the value of 4 per cent of the value of the ticket, while second and third class passengers are charged 2 per cent. An exception is made, however, on tickets for foreign countries taken out by persons proceeding from Bolivia and those arriving by ship on Lake Titicaca.

To Help Pilots

Col. Charles A. Lindbergh is attempting to make things easier for 'plane pilots. He is co-operating with oculists at John Hopkins University in an effort to group flying instruments so as to do away with pilots' eye-strain.

PRESTO PACK

One Pull... One Sheet of Waxed Paper.

Always ready—Inexpensive

Appelton PAPER PRODUCTS

AMSTERDAM, ONTARIO

WEAK WOMEN

Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Have you ever felt that you were too weak to do anything . . . that you did not have the strength to do your work? Women who are weak and run-down should take a tonic such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Headaches and backaches that are the result of a tired, run-down condition often yield to this marvelous medicine.

"It out of every 100 women who report to us say that they are benefited by this medicine. Buy a bottle from your druggist today . . . and watch the results."

W. N. U. 1979

IN TIMES LIKE THESE

He who pays quickly, pays twice. Your cheque back in Crossfield three hours and forty minutes after you have shipped your can to CARSTAIRS CREAMERY. Ship on the 9.40 north and receive returns all charges paid at 1.23.

Ask your Grocer for Carstairs Creamery butter. Fresh made daily. Highest scoring butter in Alberta last year. Try a pound and note its delicious flavor.

Carstairs Creamery
C. S. COLLIER, Manager

Open for Business

The Midland-Pacific are pleased to announce the purchase of the Elevator formerly owned by the Western Canada Flour Mills, and are again ready to give our customary service.

H. HISLOP of Carstairs is in charge.

Those whose coal accounts were destroyed in the fire, please advise Mr. Hislop as to same.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
OF THE
VILLAGE OF CROSSFIELD
FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1932.

RECEIPTS.	PAYMENTS
Bank Balances as at Dec. 31, 1931..... 1428.36	Outstanding Cheques, Dec. 31, 1931..... \$ 85.00
Cash on hand, Dec. 31, 1931..... 106.08	Salaries: Sec.-Treas..... 270.00
Municipal Taxes including costs 2946.38	Assessor..... 108.50
Hospital and Sanatorium..... 322.25	Audit Fees..... 15.00
Postage, Printing and Stationery..... 10.00	Medical Health Officer..... 67.25
Licenses..... 20.00	Office Expenses..... 97.67
Rentals..... 60.00	Insurance..... 29.05
Dog Taxes..... 32.00	Tax Recovery Costs..... 0.00
Cemetery Fees..... 44.00	Fire Protection..... 87.75
School Arrears..... 25.10	Police Department..... 240.00
Assets sold..... 75.00	Grants, Aid and Relief:
Trust Monies Received:	Old Age Pensions..... 26.57
Supplementary Revenue..... 85.24	Indigent Relief..... 56.40
School Arrears..... 350.59	Sanitation..... 65.65
Outstanding Cheques or Overdraft, December 31, 1932..... 300.90	Medical Health Officer..... 25.00
	Sunshine Fund..... 10.00
	Crossfield School Fair..... 12.00
	Red Cross Society..... 15.00
	Meal Tickets to transients..... 28.50
	Public Works:
	Streets..... 657.26
	Sidewalks..... 237.60
	Street Lighting..... 619.67
	Park, 11.00. Rink, 35.15..... 44.15
	Cemetery..... 39.75
	Nuisance Ground..... 41.90
	Debtors:
	Principal—\$200.00 Int. \$84.00..... 284.00
	Trust Monies Remitted:
	Supplementary Revenue..... 94.00
	School Arrears..... 72.54
	Balances Dec. 31st, 1932:
	In Bank \$1991.80 Cash on hand \$482.57..... 2474.07
Total..... \$5817.74	Total..... \$5817.74

ASSETS.	LIABILITIES.
Cash on Hand Dec 31, 1932 (Municipal)..... 1991.80	Outstanding Cheques..... 300.50
Bank Balance Dec. 31, 1932 (Municipal only)..... 482.49	Debtors liability..... 1300.00
Uncollected Municipal Taxes..... 1978.52	Trust Liabilities:
Uncollected Business Taxes..... 349.71	Uncollected Taxes, Dec. 31/32..... 90.60
Office Stationery and Sundries..... 20.00	Supp. Revenue Taxes..... 85.24
Lands and Buildings for Village Purpose..... 2500.00	Collections Not Remitted..... 2780.31
Fire Hall Equipment..... 1800.00	School Arrears..... 368.29
Trust Taxes:	Balance Assets over Liabilities (Surplus)..... 7011.70
Balance Dec. 31, 1932:	
Supplementary Revenue..... 85.24	
In bank..... 358.25	
School Arrears in bank..... 358.25	
Uncollected Trust Taxes:	
Sup. Revenue Taxes..... 80.68	
School Arrears..... 2780.31	
Total..... \$12337.00	Total..... \$12337.00

I hereby certify to the correctness of this Statement, Dated at Crossfield, Alta., this 30th day of January, 1933,

Signed: J. P. Winning, Auditor
Crossfield, Alberta

Bonspiel Results

The Crossfield Bonspiel was finished up on Thursday night of last week when the finals in the Citizens and Consolation events were played. Purvis defeated McMillan 13-5 in the Citizens. Hall of Carstairs defeated his club mate Johnson in the Consolation by a score of 11-5.

The McMillan rink won the Distributors Event earlier in the evening—having won seven games without a defeat—were off their game in the finals of the Citizens, and with the score 13 to 5 against them, called it a day at the end of the tenth.

It is true that McMillan and his men were tired and did not show the pep that featured their other games, it is also true that Gordon Purvis and his men were clicking and had a license to win from any rink.

Score by Ends

PURVIS..... 111 302 220 1—13
McMILLAN..... 300 030 002 0—5
H. Johnson, A. Hall, Chas. Purvis, Gordon Purvis, skip.
Evan Gordon, Louis Overby, Hall Mc-Caskill, C. H. McMillan, skip.

THE WINNERS

DISTRIBUTORS—1, C. H. McMillan, 2nd, Ed. Meyers, 3rd, G. Purvis, 4th, Wm. Weber.

CITIZENS—1st, Gordon Purvis, 2nd, C. H. McMillan, 3rd, Glen Williams, 4, Lloyd McRory.

GRAND AGGREGATE—1st, McMillan, 7 wins and 1 loss; 2nd, Purvis, 6 wins and 1 loss.

CONSOLATION—1st, J. Hall, 2nd, J. Johnston.

HARD LUCK—Three rinks were tied for this prize, namely, Whitfield, Smart and Mrs. Miller, as these three rinks were tied with three losses and no wins, it was necessary to draw for the prize. The ladies won the draw and as a result, Mrs. R. M. McCool, Mrs. J. M. Williams, Mrs. R. Nichol and Mrs. Wm. Miller, each won a tube of shaving cream. This prize was donated by Dr. McClelland.

An Appreciation

As President of the Crossfield Curling Club, I should like to express my appreciation of the work of the Bonspiel Secretary, Glen Williams, for the remarkably efficient manner in which the local Bonspiel was conducted last week.

Ed. Meyers, President Crossfield Curling Club.

Remember Professor Carlyle will be the speaker at the Board of Trade meeting in the U.F.A. Hall on Feb. 8. Everyone is invited to this meeting.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—25 R. L. Red Pullets, laying at 60c each. A few choice cockerels left at \$2.50 each.

J. B. WYLIE

FOR SALE—Good Feed Oats, 10c per bushel. Apply to Anderson Bros, Crossfield

FOR SALE—Limited number of dark Barred Rock Cockerels, from bred to lay strain and 1st and 2nd prize winners at the School Fair last year. \$1.25 and 1.00 each. Apply to Mrs. J. G. Harrison, Crossfield

Movies Movies

Monday, February 18

IN THE UNITED CHURCH at 8 p.m.

FEATURE

"The Stream of Life"

ALSO

A Travel Through Jasper and a Comic Strip.

Admission: Adults 25c School Children 15c



The Human Bake Oven

TREATMENT FOR Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago and Nervous Troubles

The apparatus which so successfully fights the germs of Chronic Rheumatism. The temperature of the oven is gradually increased until 300 degrees F. is reached. The baking treatment is not a sure cure-all but so far has proven very efficacious in many cases.

TESTIMONIAL

I suffered with rheumatism four years and have been bothered so I could not do anything. Would have sitches in my side and back so that I could not move. My limbs gave me much trouble and I walked lame. I took one month's treatment in the Human Bake Oven and am completely cured. I recommend this treatment to those suffering as I did, for I know it will cure them.

If anyone wishes to know further, they may write me.

Name furnished on application. CONSULTATION FREE

Write ROBERT ALDRICH, Manager 906, 14th Ave. West, CALGARY

Annual Meeting United Church

The annual meeting of the Crossfield and District United Church was held in the church on Friday evening last. A fair number of members and those interested being present.

The Rev. Young, pastor conducted the devotional part of the meeting, after which J. P. Winning was voted to the chair. Mr. Winning as one of the members of the Board of Management, gave a brief outline of the work of the Board, and afterwards called on the Secretary to give the financial report. This item showed an adverse balance on the year's work.

The Minister's report and Sunday School report was given by Rev. Young. The Ladies Aid report was given by Mrs. Amery the retiring secretary, showing a balance on the right side of the ledger, as did the report of the C. G. I. T. given by Miss Blough.

The report of the Tuxis and Trail Rangers report was given by Rev. Young in the absence of their leader, Mr. Tweedle.

The retiring members of the Board were re-elected and the Board membership increased with the addition of T. Mair, Ed. Fox and T. Smeaton.

Considerable discussion took place as to the best methods of meeting the Church's obligations during the coming year.

During the evening musical numbers were rendered by Mrs. Young and Miss Gladys Metherall. At the close refreshments were served.

HOCKEY RELUTS

January 28th.

Crossfield 4, Carstairs 3

January 30th.

Didsbury 4, Crossfield 2

February 1st.

Carstairs 4, Crossfield 3

Crossfield Juniors Drop Hard Struggle at Carstairs

The Crossfield junior hockey team played at Carstairs on Saturday and were defeated by a score of 1 to 0 in a hard fought and interesting game.

Crossfield—Lorne Sharp, Steve Nasadsky, Ralph McFadyen, Douglas Young, Albert Sharp, Laverne Johnson, Harold Mair, Gavin Goldie.

Local News

The annual round-up, dance, etc. of the Crossfield District Old Times Association takes place tonight (Thursday).

Government inspectors are checking up on radio licenses in towns up the line.

Hughie McFadyen returned on Sunday from Chlooke where he has been visiting his sister, Mrs. A. J. Hunter, for the past month.

The many friends of Genieve Metherall will be glad to know that she is slightly improved today (Thursday).

Mrs. J. S. Jarman who is a patient at the Holy Cross Hospital, is making satisfactory progress towards recovery.

J. P. Metherall and T. M. Mair attended a meeting of the Carstairs Cow Testing Association at Carstairs on Saturday.

At a brief meeting of the School Board held on Tuesday afternoon, F. T. Baker was elected chairman of the Board for 1933.

The regular monthly meeting of the Floral Local U.F.W.A. will be held at the home of Mrs. O. E. Jones on Wed. Feb. 8 at 3 o'clock.

Don't forget the Hockey Game on Friday night of this week. Calgary Young People's Club and Glen Williams' hired help will mix it up. Trouble starts at 7.45.

Rev. Rogers of Carstairs paid Crossfield another visit on Monday evening last. This time with this lecture "My Travels in the Peace River District". He was in possession of a huge map of the district, and many beautiful slides were shown on the screen.

Mrs. M. K. Fike entertained on Saturday afternoon for her daughter Lauretta, the occasion being her eighth birthday. The small guests were: Margaret Billo, Arlie Robertson, Alice Hall, Vida McMillan, Betty Gibson, Marjorie Gordon, Alice Gilson, Gladys Gilchrist, Lucille Clarke, Helen Green, Mable Sharp, Mary Griffiths, Lauretta Fike. Miss Ida Calhoun of Calgary entertained the guests.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907

THURSDAY, FEB 2nd, 1933.

Local News

A. A. Hall is laid up with a severe cold.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McCool spent the week-end at Cochrane.

Miss Ida Calhoun spent the week-end renewing acquaintances, being the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Calhoun.

A. Lindgren has purchased a Stewart-Warner radio from the local agent, L. Spivey.

Miss Gladys Metherall left on Monday for Munson, where she will teach school.

F. Mossop is in Calgary today (Thursday) to appear before the Pension Medical Board.

Mrs. Wilson Stafford is in Calgary this week taking electrical treatments.

Mayor Williams and C. C. Stafford were business visitors in Calgary on Monday.

A. A. Halliday and R. T. Amery made an auto trip to Conquest, Sask. over the week-end.

Mrs. J. B. McNichol returned home from the Holy Cross Hospital on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Demers and daughter Iris of Innisfail spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Miles Fike.

Adam Cruickshank is passing the time these days painting landscape pictures, and make no mistake about it Adam throws a mean brush.

Big Valentine Dance in East Community Hall on Friday, Feb. 10. Music by the Brooks Midnight Strollers.

The Borlidge orchestra plays at the first monthly dance of the season at Sunshine on February 10th. Admission 35c, Ladies provide lunch.

Wm. Davidson who broke his elbow last week was taken to the General Hospital on Monday by Dr. Whillans, where he will be operated on by the noted bone specialist Dr. Deane.

Doug. Hall left on Monday for Calgary, and for the next two months will be a patient at the Belcher Hospital, taking treatment for stomach trouble.

Rev. A. D. Currie, Vivian Major and Jimmie McClelland attended the Boy's Vocational Conference, under the auspices of the Rural Deaneary at Lacombe on Saturday and Sunday.

The Ladies Aid of the C. W. L. are holding a tea and sale of home cooking at Lant's Store on Saturday, Feb. 18th, from 3 to 6 o'clock.

The many friends of J. W. Spalding will regret to know that he is seriously ill at his home east of Carstairs.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Sutherland entertained a number of their friends on Wednesday evening last in memory of Scotland's immortal bard, Bobbie Burns.

A meeting will be held in A. W. Gordon's office on Sat. Feb. 4th at 2:30 p.m. for the purpose of organizing a Native Sons and Daughters Association of the Crossfield District.

The first prize for the grand challenge in the mixedspiel are four hand-painted pictures, donated by L. Christmas. Mr. Christmas is an artist of no mean ability and to say the pictures are beautiful is no exaggeration.

A very enjoyable card party was held at the Oniel school on Friday evening last. Winners at five hundred were Miss Odella Anshetz, and Jim Aldred, Consolation prizes going to Mrs. Wm. Aldred and Ken Gilchrist. A sumptuous lunch was served. Mr. and Mrs. Earl Adams were the convener.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

Mrs. Jas. Belshaw and children who were laid up last week with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

LEYDEN & BRUCE

Federal Directors
Private Ambulance in Connection
Phone M 9101

1707 Second Street West Calgary
W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN of the firm of Milligan & Milligan, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will be Tredaway & Springstons office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.

MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

Dr. S. H. McClelland
Veterinary Surgeon
Honour Graduate Ontario Veterinary College

Office—McClelland's Rexall Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

Council Meetings
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council,
T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

DENTIST
Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218A, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

Canadian Legion B. E. S. L.
Crossfield Branch
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 2 p.m.

Visiting Comrades Welcome.
D. J. HALL, R. D. SUTHERLAND,
President Secretary

All Kinds of
TINSMITHING WORK
J. L. McRory
Crossfield Alberta

Electrical Work
Your Iron, Motor or Switches
No job too big, none too small, or if
YOUR RADIO IS SICK
CALL ME

LES SPIVEY
RADIO-TRICIAN
Phone 11

Now is a Good Time to Order
Your Baby Chick.
My Big Incubator will be started
on February 15th.

White Leghorns..... \$12.00
Barred Rocks..... 14.00
Buff Orpington..... 14.00
A small deposit with each order.

CUSTOM HATCHING
3-1-2 cents per egg at the time you deliver eggs. Order early, room limited.

Walter E. Spivey

Lumber and Wood
FOR SALE
PRICES CUT TO THE BONE.

Dry Stove Wood, any length
20c per 100 lbs. or 4.50 cord.
(Delivered)

Dimension or Finish Lumber
\$16.00 per Thousand.

RAY JAMES - Crossfield

This is time of Year when
you need a Good Tonic

REXALL
Compound Syrup of
Hypophosphites

Tones up the nervous system,
stimulates the appetite,
enriches the blood

Large bottle
\$1.00

McClelland's Drug Store
The Rexall Store
Phone 3 Crossfield

Church of the Ascension
(ANGLICAN)
Sunday, Feb. 5th—Evening 7:30 p.m.
Monday, February 6th—J. W. at the rectory after school.

Sunday School every Sunday at 10 a.m.
Confirmation Class every Wednesday at 5 p.m.

Rev. A. D. Currie, Rector